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# LIMON WEEKLY NEWS.

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**Limon Weekly News.**

PORT LIMON, SATURDAY, DEC. 24, 1904  
**F. M. H. WOOD,**  
PRINTER AND PUBLISHER, PORT LIMON, COSTA RICA, CENTRAL AMERICA.  
R. H. HOPKINS, AGENT, ZENT JUNCTION.  
ANTONIO LERMANN, CENTRAL AVENUE, SAN JOSE.

**Latest Foreign News.**

Paris, 10.—By 252 votes against 37 the Senate approved the Anglo-French Colonial treaty. During the debate several ratifiers criticized the abandonment of the French coasts of Newfoundland. To these critics del Casse responded energetically. He said Newfoundland constitutes a new incident in the treaty which is being exchanged for the general results obtained. France does not wish to benefit by her treaty with Russia alone but by her cementing of friendly relations with the other power of Europe which in the end will be equalized fairly. The treaty between France and Siam was also signed.

Buenos Aires, 10.—The daily papers condemn President Roosevelt's speech in very energetic terms. They declare that the President's declaration is not in accordance with the Monroe doctrine but a doctrine of Imperialism which every republic should protest against.

London, 10.—To-day 800 Russians left here for Liverpool on their way to the United States. These men abandoned their country rather than serve in the army. Russian refugees are arriving at the rate of 150 daily.

Washington, 10.—The German Ambassador said to-day that Dr. Jannesch, of the Commercial and Geographical Society of Berlin, who was interviewed in Buenos Aires, spoke of the "Yankee danger" as representing Germany's intention in the Western Hemisphere. This gentleman, he said, has no connection whatever with the German Government. Neither did his utterances have any official sanction.

Paris, 10.—The Nationalist deputy, Mr. Syveton, died in his room from the effects of inhaling gas. This gentleman it will be remembered struck General Aude in the face at a meeting of the Chamber of Deputies on the 4th November. The Government announced that his death was caused by accident.

Kingston, Jamaica, 12.—The United States cruiser "Columbia" with Secretary of War Mr. Taft, arrived here yesterday. His Excellency Sir Alexander Sweetman, the Governor, entertained Mr. Taft at lunch at King's House. The question of employing Jamaica laborers in the canal construction was fully discussed. The Hon. Claude Mallet, C. M. G., British Consul of Port-au-Prince, the Secretary of the American Legation, the President of the Canal Commission, Admiral Walker and the Chief Engineer Mr. Wallace, assisted in the discussion. 3,000 men they said, will be needed for the work.

Paris, 12.—Many deputies express the firm conviction that Mr. Syveton who died from the effects of gas, was murdered. The store from which the gasses are supplied is similar to those used in France. The magistrate investigating the affair discovered paper stumps in the opening of the pipe leading to the chimney. The paper stump was a sheet of the "Intransigent" of that day. This leads to the belief that the unfortunate deputy was murdered or committed suicide. His friends however will not admit the theory of suicide, as very recently Mr. Syveton took out a life policy in an American Company.

Paris, 12.—The Socialists and anarchists all in a demonstration on Monday against the ceremony of the Mass of Immaculate Conception. Their intention was to destroy the sacred relics of the altar. The police intervened and saved the relic used in the five lamps by Caprano Lipini.

New York, 12.—Mr. Bowen the United States Minister to Caracas leaves to-morrow for his post.

London, 12.—Yesterday Lord Curzon of Kedleston, Viceroy of India arrived here from England. He was accorded a most elegant state reception. Many native rulers assisted in welcoming him.

Portsmouth, Cap. Colony, 12.—Lord Von Borsick accompanied by twenty men on their way to Wamond, southwest German-Africa was attacked by rebels and fourteen of the command killed.

Valparaiso, 12.—The estimate for 1905 sets aside a sum of money for the construction of a line of Chilean steamers to run between Puntares and Jexi on the coast, calling at other Pacific ports in the north.

St. Petersburg, 12.—The sensation of the day is the campaign inaugurated by Captain Claudio in the columns of the "Novoye Vremya" against the Admiralty and in favour of sending the Black Sea fleet through the Dardanelles. The campaign went on with the greatest of criticism. The Admiralty, but also the Grand Duke Alexander, High Admiral of the Imperial Navy, thought the arrestment a direct order from the Emperor. The fact of the arrestment is a proof that Russia wishes to demonstrate to the Powers that she is not in favour of the Bosphorus does not meet with official favor. The

ty also resists the attack of the Captain. Alexiell who directly sustain the captain in his campaign is reported to have been ordered to the Caucasus to succeed Prince Galitzin as Governor General of that place. Claudio was detached from the Baltic fleet to give evidence before the Commission in the Dogger Bank incident. As his imprisonment will not exceed two weeks he will be in time to give his declaration.

Washington, 12.—The return to Caracas of Mr. Bowen, the American Minister to Venezuela is the signal of the inauguration of a severe policy on the part of the United States towards Venezuela. Castro must be called to order and compelled to exercise a more just treatment of American interests, as for example the affair of the Bermuda Asphalt Company. Castro has been notified that in the opinion of the United States the treaty of peace of 1903 has been violated. The Minister to Italy accompanies Mr. Bowen for the purpose of making similar representations, while the Ministers of Great Britain and Germany will join them there. We await the energetic attitude of the United States and expect that Castro will be intimidated with some of our warships, as the Europeans don't care to send their warships on these missions.

Paris, 13.—Yesterday evening the body of Mr. Syveton was conveyed to Monte Sarrasin for burial. A military funeral was given him.

Pretoria, 13.—Yesterday the body of Mr. Paul Kruger arrived here by special train. The corpse was conveyed from the train to a special car prepared for it. The guard of honor was composed of ex-members of the State Artillery and police. At the head of the procession Generals Botha, Delany and Dewett and several Boer Chiefs marched, followed by thousands of Burghers.

New York, 13.—Yesterday night the greatest bicycle race ever witnessed in the country was concluded after a six day's run. Seven persons took part until the end of the race which was won by the American champion.

London, 13.—Yesterday King Carlos and Queen Amelia of Portugal, left for Paris. Before their departure, King Edward Queen Alexandra and the Prince and Princess of Wales were entertained by the Portuguese at a luncheon in the Portuguese Legation. Their Portuguese Majesties expressed their entire satisfaction at the cordial and happy time spent with the British Royal family and nobles. The King and Queen will visit President Loubet during their stay in Paris. The Lord Mayor of London has issued a subscription list on behalf of the unemployed working classes. King Edward subscribes \$1,200; Queen Alexandra, \$1,000; the Prince of Wales \$500; Princess of Wales \$200; Lord Iveagh \$500; The Rothschilds \$15,000; Duke of Westminster \$1,000; the Prudential bond holders \$25,000.

Limon, 16.—Father Ignacio, a monk, insists that the age of miracles has not passed. He says he is the agent of God and has the power to raise from the dead several times over that he possesses the spirit of God and has been ordered to cure the sick and bring the dead back to life in the name of Jesus. His pretensions are being investigated with a view of finding out if he is sane.

Madrid, 16.—Serious disturbances took place at the feast of the Virgin in Valencia. Six thousand women with lighted candles marched in procession towards the cathedral and came in conflict with a group of Republicans. The mounted police failed to separate the combatants in spite of repeated charges. Finally several shots were fired on them resulting in the death and wounding of a great many women.

Paris, 16.—Investigation concerning the death of Count Syveton was concluded yesterday. Sufficient evidence was given to prove that the deceased committed suicide in consequence of private troubles and not from political reasons.

St. Petersburg, 15.—Sixty off, the minister of Minister Von Pehke was sentenced to prison for life with hard labour, and his accomplice Sikovsky, to twenty years hard labour.

Caracas, 16.—Lord Curzon assumed his post as Viceroy to-day amidst the largest gathering of a multitude seen for many years.

Berlin, 16.—In a cable despatch from West Africa the Commander of the German force in South West Africa reports an engagement with the Hottentots and Colonel Semmings' forces on the 10th resulting in a loss to the enemy of fifty-six killed. The Germans also captured 300 head of cattle since the commencement of the campaign and six German colonists have been murdered and five missing.

## WATCHES!

Keystone-Elgin Watches, direct from the Factory.

**LADIES**

SOLID SILVER ENLAIN WITH GOLD FILLED CASE. — GUARANTEE —

TWENTY DOLLARS GOLD (\$12)

SEVEN DOLLARS GOLD.

**GENTS**

SOLID SILVER...

FIVE DOLLARS GOLD.

**GENTS**

GOLD FILLED CASE... KEPT TWENTY YEARS... SOLID SILVER...

FIFTEEN DOLLARS GOLD

TWELVE DOLLARS GOLD

**EASY TERMS**

These watches can be supplied on Easy Terms: Payments as low as One Dollar gold monthly accepted.

SOLE AGENTS IN COSTA RICA:—Wood's Book Store, Limon.

### BANANAS.

Half interest in small BANANA FARM, more than half of it entirely new land. Railway runs through it. Plenty land available. Capital required: \$5,000 gold. Apply by letter "Investment," "Limon Weekly News" Office.

### NORTHERN RAILWAY OF COSTA RICA

TIME TABLE.

FOR ALL POINTS IN ZENT AND:—  
Banana River Districts.

WESTB. UND.		EASTBOUND.	
DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY.		DAILY, EXCEPT SUNDAY	
Depart	8:15 A. M.	LIMON.	3:00 P. M. Arrive
Arrive	9:20 ..	ZENT.	1:50 .. Depart
..	9:40 ..	ZENT JUNCTION	1:35 .. ..
HIRIPO BRANCH.			
Arrive	10:45 A.M.	ZENT.	10:00 A. M. Depart
Depart	10:25 ..	CHIRIPO.	10:20 .. Arrive
BANANA RIVER DISTRICT.			
Arrive	5:00 P.M.	LIMON.	5:15 P.M. Depart
Depart	4:05 ..	BRABERH.	4:00 .. Arrive
..	4:05 ..	PHILADELPHIA	4:00 .. ..

W. G. CHASE, Superintendent.

**AVISO.**

EN Cartago acaba de regular el negocio de Provisiones del Pais y Comisiones en general que garantiza el buen servicio para las Oficinas y Hoteles en sus amigos conocidos originales con un recargo de comision muy moderado. Probados y convenientes.

**NOTICE.**

I have just established in Cartago Native Produce and General Commission business, guaranteeing the best service. Original prices guaranteed plus moderate commission. TRY AND BE Satisfied.

Cartago, December, 1904.  
21st-10-12.

PAUL WEDEL.

### UNITED FRUIT COMPANY.

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GENERAL LINE OF DRY GOODS,  
BOOTS, SHOES, NOTIONS AND GROCERIES.  
SOLE AGENTS FOR  
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At Lowest Prices.

A fine assortment of Fancy Groceries just received. Large stock of CEMENT and SEWER PIPES now on hand. Call and get prices before purchasing elsewhere.

United Fruit Company  
Port Limon

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Orders for castings of all descriptions, iron or brass, will be executed at the shops of the Northern Railway at reasonable prices.

—SAND & STONE.—

Matina sand suitable for masonry C20.00 per car. coral rock, C25.00 per car. Delivered wherever designated alongside track.

NORTHERN RAILWAY LIMON.

**FOR SALE.**

An Acetylene Plant, ten light. Cost over six hundred Colones. Will accept C350. In perfect order. Apply this office

# WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON. PRICE LIST

Of Stationery, School Material and Novelties.

Automatic Pencils . . . . .	.25	Ledgers, with indexes, 200 pages 2.25	Ledgers, with indexes, 300 pages 3.00
Almanacs, Whitaker's, \$1.50 and \$2.00		Ledgers, with indexes, 400 pages 3.75	Labels, gummed, 1,000 . . . . . 3.00
Almanacs, World . . . . .	1.00	Lotto, 50, 1.00 and . . . . .	3.00
Almanacs, sheet . . . . .	.15	Letter heads, ptd., 100 . . . . .	2.00
Alphabet Cards . . . . .	.25	Letter heads, ptd., 200 . . . . .	4.50
Atlases . . . . .	\$2.00 and \$4.00	Letter heads, ptd., 300 . . . . .	5.00
Balls, rubber, solid .25c, 50c and .75		Letter heads, ptd., 500 . . . . .	6.00
Balls, hollow, from . . . . .	.25	Leg guards . . . . .	7.00
Balls, base . . . . .	.75	Lapel button, King Edward . . .	.15
Bicycle Cement, Tire . . . . .	.25	Lapel button, union jack . . . .	.10
Bicycle Cement, rim . . . . .	.25	Lanterns . . . . .	.50
Brushes, shaving . . . . .	.50	M.	
Brushes, tooth . . . . .	.50	Marshmallows, plain, 50c and . .	\$1.00
Brushes, marking, 10, 20 and . . . .	.25	Marshmallows, chocolate, 50c and	1.00
Bill books . . . . .	\$2.50	Music paper, sheet . . . . .	.15
Bow, hair, violin . . . . .	.75	Mucilage, 20c and . . . . .	1.25
Bats, cricketing . . . . .	15.00	Mucilage, in collapsible tubes . .	.50
Balls, cricket . . . . .	6.00	Memorandums, 6c, 10c, 15c and .	.25
Bill heads, small, 100 . . . . .	.25	Memorandums, indexed, from . .	.30
Bill heads, medium, 100 . . . . .	.50	Mouth organs, 25c and . . . . .	.75
Bill heads, medium, . . . . .	.85	Mourning note, per quire . . . . .	.30
Banana counters . . . . .	8.00	Mourning envelope, 25c and . . .	.50
Bowls, copying . . . . .	1.50	Marbles, clay, per doz. . . . .	.15
Boxing gloves . . . . .	6.00	Marbles, glass, per doz. . . . .	.20
Balloons . . . . .	.10	Marking brushes, 10c, 20c and . .	.25
Birthday cards, 25, 50 and . . . . .	1.00	Metal polish . . . . .	.25
Baskets, fancy, an assortment . . .		Muscle books, 50c and . . . . .	1.00
Blotters, hand . . . . .	1.25	Mirrors, hand carved . . . . .	3.00
C.		Musical boxes, toy . . . . .	1.50
Copy letter books, 500 l . . . . .	\$2.50	Musical boxes, toy . . . . .	2.50
Cards, Bicycle playing . . . . .	.85	N.	
Cards, cheap playing . . . . .	.65	Needles, crochet . . . . .	.10
Chalk, tailors' . . . . .	.05	Note paper, per pkt. . . . .	.10
Chalk, billiard . . . . .	.05	Note paper, per ream . . . . .	\$1.50
Chalk, crayons, box . . . . .	.75	Note paper (flowers) per doz. . .	.50
Chalk, carpenter's, lb. . . . .	.25	Note paper, initials, per doz . . .	.50
Chess, set . . . . .	3.00	Nail brushes, 25c and . . . . .	1.00
Chess board . . . . .	1.50	O.	
Crochet needle . . . . .	.10	Oil board, per sheet . . . . .	.10
Crochet cotton . . . . .	.25	Oil for typewriter . . . . .	.50
Crochet silk . . . . .	.25	Oil can . . . . .	.75
Combs, hair, 25 and . . . . .	.50	Oil Paints, tin box . . . . .	\$5.00
Combs, small tooth . . . . .	.25	P.	
Clips, board, letter . . . . .	1.75	Pen racks, spiral . . . . .	.25
Clips, board, foolscap . . . . .	2.00	Pistols, toy, 25c and . . . . .	.75
Checkers, 35 and . . . . .	.85	Pipes, cornob . . . . .	.25
Checker boards . . . . .	1.60	Pipes, briar, \$1.50 and . . . . .	\$1.75
Copying brushes . . . . .	1.25	Polish, boot, brown . . . . .	.50
Calendars, desk . . . . .	.50	Polish, boot, black . . . . .	.50
Calendars, stand . . . . .	.75	Polish, boot, white . . . . .	.75
Composition books, 5, 10, 15 and . .	6.00	Pins, office, pyramid . . . . .	.85
Concertinas, \$4.00 and . . . . .	6.00	Pencils, lead, Eagle office . . . . .	.15
Commutary order books, 100 l . . . .	1.00	Pencils, lead, mercantile . . . . .	.10
Cigarette books . . . . .	.10	Pencil lead, Perfection . . . . .	.05
Cash boxes, \$2.50 and . . . . .	3.00	Pencil lead, carpenter's . . . . .	.15
Caps for toy pistols . . . . .	.05	Pencil lead, blue or red . . . . .	.15
Copy books, Cassell's . . . . .	.25	Pencil lead, red and blue com-	.25
Carbon paper, 8x13 . . . . .	.15	blined . . . . .	.25
Christmas cards (assorted) from . . .	.10	Pencils, slate, (board) . . . . .	.05
Chamois leather . . . . .	.50	Pencils, copying . . . . .	.20
Cards, birthday, 25, 50 and . . . . .	1.00	Penholders, 5c and . . . . .	.10
Counter books, 25, 50, 60 and . . . .	.75	Penholders, cork . . . . .	.25
D.		Penholders, self-ejecting . . . . .	.25
Dice, each, 5 and . . . . .	.10	Printing outfit . . . . .	1.00
Dice cups . . . . .	.85	Pens, gold fountain . . . . .	1.50
Dice, poker . . . . .	\$1.50	Pens, Esterbrook's, per gross . . .	2.00
Dominos, \$1.25 and . . . . .	6.00	Pens, Spenserian, per gross . . . .	2.50
Dating stamps . . . . .	1.00	Pens, school, per gross . . . . .	1.50
Desk pads, 19x24 . . . . .	2.50	Polka chips, per 100 . . . . .	1.50
Dolls, all prices from . . . . .	.25	Pencil sharpeners . . . . .	.25
Diaries, desk . . . . .	1.00	Pencil holders, leather . . . . .	.35
Diaries, pocket, from . . . . .	.75	Pencil holders, metal, 15c and . .	.25
Desk calendars . . . . .	.50	Point protectors . . . . .	.10
Desk Calendar stands . . . . .	.75	Paper fasteners, per box . . . . .	.50
E.		Paper weights, 75c, \$1.50 and . . . .	3.00
Envelopes, our make, pr. 100 . . . .	.75	Purses, chain . . . . .	.50
Envelopes, imp., square, per 100	\$1.25	Purses, gold coin . . . . .	1.00
Envelopes, for invitation, pkg. . . .	.25	Q.	
Envelopes, for photographs, 10, . . . .	.15	Queen Victoria photograph . . . . .	\$1.00
Erasers, Faber's rubber . . . . .	.25	R.	
Emery paper . . . . .	.10	Rules, carpenter's . . . . .	.50
Emery cloth . . . . .	.35	Rules, carpenter's, brass bound, . .	\$1.00
Embroidery hoops . . . . .	.25	Rules, office, from . . . . .	.35
F.		Rules, office, rubber . . . . .	2.00
Fountain pens, Crescent . . . . .	\$3.00	Rubber bands, per gross . . . . .	.35
Flutes, tin . . . . .	.50	Rubber bands, per gross . . . . .	3.00
Fans, plain . . . . .	.50	Records, 100 pages . . . . .	1.25
Fans, feather . . . . .	1.00	Records, 200 pages . . . . .	2.00
Files, Harp . . . . .	.40	Records, 300 pages . . . . .	2.75
Foolscap, per quire . . . . .	.35	Records, 400 pages . . . . .	3.50
Files, box . . . . .	1.75	Receipt books, cash, 50 leaves . . .	.40
Frames, plush picture . . . . .	1.50	Receipt books, cash, 100 leaves . .	.75
Flags, English, 35, 50 and . . . . .	1.00	Receipt books, rent, 50 leaves . . .	.40
G.		Receipt books, rent, 100 leaves . . .	.75
Gold paint . . . . .	.50	Razors, each . . . . .	3.00
Guitar Strings, wire, 1, 15c; 2 . . . .	.15	Razor straps . . . . .	1.50
15c; 3 for . . . . .	.25	Razor cases . . . . .	.25
Guitar Strings, wire, 4 20c; 5, 20c; . .	.25	Rosin, for violin . . . . .	.25
6, . . . . .	.20	S.	
Goggles . . . . .	.50	Slates, 25c, 40c and . . . . .	.50
Guitars, fair quality . . . . .	\$12.50	Soap, Pear's unscented . . . . .	.50
Glue, Le Page's liquid . . . . .	.40	Spectacles, unscented . . . . .	\$1.50
H.		Spectacles, colored . . . . .	1.00
Harmonicas, 25 and . . . . .	.75	Spectacle cases . . . . .	.25
I.		Stamps, India rubber . . . . .	1.00
Ink, Stephens' . . . . .	.10	Sand paper . . . . .	.05
Ink, Stephens', 1-2 pints . . . . .	.50	Stylographic pens . . . . .	2.50
Ink, Stephens', 1 pint . . . . .	\$1.00	Scribbling pads, 5c, 10c and . . . .	.15
Ink, Stephens', quarts . . . . .	1.75	Silver paint . . . . .	.75
Ink, marking . . . . .	.50	Sealing wax, pound . . . . .	.50
Ink, rubber stamp . . . . .	1.00	School bags from . . . . .	.50
Ink, red, 15 and . . . . .	1.00	Scissors . . . . .	.75
Inkstands, \$2.00, \$5.00 and . . . . .	6.00	Scissors, folding pocket . . . . .	1.00
Indexes, 35 and . . . . .	.85	Straps, per box . . . . .	1.75
Invoice books, from . . . . .	3.50	String shot rubber . . . . .	.25
Ink eradiator, Collins' . . . . .	1.50	Sponge, for cups . . . . .	.50
Ink, India . . . . .	.60	Scholar's companions . . . . .	1.00
J.		Shorthand note books . . . . .	.25
Journal paper, per quire . . . . .	\$1.00	Spelling blocks, 5c and . . . . .	1.00
Journals, 100 pages . . . . .	1.25	Sponge cups . . . . .	1.25
Journals, 200 pages . . . . .	2.00	T.	
Journals, 300 pages . . . . .	2.75	Toys, assorted prices . . . . .	
Journals, 400 pages . . . . .	3.50	Tooth picks . . . . .	.30
Japanese lanterns, from . . . . .	.25	Toilet paper . . . . .	.20
K.		Tobacco pouch, rubber . . . . .	\$1.00
Key chains . . . . .	.35	Type (see printing outfit).	
Key rings, 10 and . . . . .	.15	Typewriting paper, letter 3.00	
King Edward's photograph . . . . .	\$1.90	Typewriting paper, foolscap, rm. 3.50	
Knives, pocket, 1.00 and . . . . .	1.50	Typewriter ribbons . . . . .	2.00
L.		Tablets, note 25c and . . . . .	.40
Lamps, table, from . . . . .	\$1.50	Tablets, letter, 50c and . . . . .	1.00
Lamps, hanging, from . . . . .	8.00	Time books, weekly, from . . . . .	.20
Lamp shades, 50 to . . . . .	2.00	Time books, monthly, 20c and . . . .	.75
Lamp chimneys, 25 to . . . . .	.50	Tape measures, 3 ft. . . . .	.75
Lamp wicks, from . . . . .	.15	Tape measures, 5 ft. . . . .	.85
Laces, shoe, brown or black, pr. . .	.10	Twine, per 1-2 lb. ball . . . . .	.50
Ledgers, with indexes, 100 pages 1.50		Tooth brushes . . . . .	.50



Typewriter oil . . . . .	.50
Tally books . . . . .	.35
Tags, per 100 . . . . .	.60
Tops . . . . .	.15
Toy books, 25c and . . . . .	.50
Toy books, linen, 50c and . . . . .	1.00
Typewriter erasers . . . . .	.25
Waste paper, per doz. . . . .	.50
Views of Costa Rica . . . . .	.50
Violin strings, 1st, silk . . . . .	.30
Violin strings, 2, 3 and 4 (gut) . . . .	.25
Visiting cards, 100 . . . . .	\$1.00
Visiting cards, 100 printed . . . . .	2.50
Violinello strings, 1 and 2 . . . . .	.75
Violinello strings, 3 and 4 . . . . .	1.00
Union jacks, 35c, 50c and . . . . .	1.00
Violin bridges . . . . .	.25
Violin pegs . . . . .	.25
Views of Central America . . . . .	12.50
W.	
Whistles, tin, 25c and . . . . .	.50
Wall paper, per roll, from . . . . .	.30
Wrapping paper, per pound . . . . .	.15
Wickets and balls, per set . . . . .	\$12.00
Wicket keeping gloves . . . . .	6.00
Writing cases, \$1.00 and . . . . .	2.00

Country customers will please include in their remittance the cost of postage, equal to 25 cents for two pounds.

## Directory of Costa Rica.

President of the Republic—Licenciado don Ascencion Esquivel.  
First Vice President—Licenciado don Ricardo Jimenez.  
Second Vice President—Licenciado don Cleto Gonzalez Viquez.  
Third Vice President—General don Juan B. Quiros.

**CABINET MINISTERS.**  
Licenciado don Leonidas Pacheco, Secretary of State for Foreign Affairs, Clerical, Grace, Justice, Benefit and Public Instruction.  
Don Manuel J. Jimenez, Secretary of Finance and Commerce.  
Don Tobias Zuniga, Secretary of War and Marine in charge of the Interior Police and Public Works.  
President of Supreme Court, Licenciado don Manuel V. Jimenez.

**LIMON.**  
Governor—Don Wenceslao de la Guardia.  
Secretary—Don Federico Golcher.  
Administrator of Customs—Don Balvanero Vargas.  
Port Medical Officer—Dr. Septimus Stegall.  
Judge of Criminal Court—Licenciado don Marcial Alpirar.  
Chief Police Agent—Don Filadelfo Granados.  
Police—Don Eduardo Baldoceda, comandante.  
**MUNICIPALITY.**  
Don Zacarias Cheves—President.  
Don M. F. Quesada—Vice President.  
Don Eduardo Besche—Secretary, Treasurer.

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Panama—Ramon F. Acevedo, Esq., Consul.  
Venezuela—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Consul General.  
Peru—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Vice Consul.  
France—Felipe J. Alvarado, Esq., Consular Agent.  
Italy—Miguel de Agostini, Esq., Consular Agent.  
Germany—George Kaempffer, Esq., Vice Consul.  
Great Britain—Frederick M. H. Wood, Esq., Vice Consul.  
Norway and Sweden—Cecilia Vernor Lindo, Esq., Vice Consul.  
United States—Pierre P. Diemers, Esq., Consul; I. Percy Scott, Esq., Vice Consul.

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Jose Cuwiller.  
**BOOK STORES—**  
Wood's Book Store.  
**BOOTS AND SHOES—**  
Emilio Artavia.  
**BUTCHERS—**  
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Virgilio Giorgi.  
Obregon & Co.  
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Ferdinand Asch.  
Misses Browner.  
Siedes Ramirez.  
G. W. Titzack.  
**EXCHANGE—**  
F. M. H. Wood.  
**FIRE BRIGADE—**  
Ramon F. Acevedo, Chief.  
F. M. H. Wood, Deputy Chief.  
**FRIENDLY SOCIETIES—**  
Foresters, L. O. Fraser, C. R.  
Good Samaritans, Adolphus English W. C.  
Knights of Pythias, E. A. Pitt.  
Masons: English, C. V. Lindo, R. W. M.; Spanish, Julio Goddr ki, R. W. M.  
Mechanics.  
Odd Fellows.  
Shepherds.  
**HOSPITALS—**  
Charity.  
Costa Rica Railway.  
United Fruit Co.  
**HOTELS—**  
Gran Hotel.  
Hotel Arrasty.  
**INSURANCE—**  
Limon Mutual Life, President, W. J. Reid; Secretary and Treasurer, F. M. H. Wood.  
**ICE MANUFACTURERS—**  
Florida Ice Co.  
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Jose Caballero.  
**NEWSPAPERS—**  
Limon Weekly News.  
**PHYSICIANS—**  
Dr. Mauro Aguilaz.  
Dr. Alex Garcia.  
Dr. — Obregon.  
Dr. Septimus Stegall.  
**POLICE—**  
Marcus Sotela, Comandante.  
**POSTMASTER—**  
Manuel Esquivel.  
**PRINTERS—**  
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**PRODUCE MERCHANTS—**  
Isaac L. Maduro.  
**PROVISION MERCHANTS—**  
J. E. Kaempffer.  
Lindo Bros.  
Esau Lyon.  
United Fruit Company.  
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J. A. Pearce, Traffic Inspector.  
G. C. Wendorf, Train Dispatcher.  
R. W. Uekles, Freight Agent.  
Max Lesser, Material Agent.  
G. W. Rothery, Master Mechanic  
**RAILROADS, NORTHERN—**  
H. M. Field, Superintendent.  
Wm. G. Chase, Assistant Supt.  
W. D. Janney, Chief Engineer.  
H. Scharschmidt, Assistant Engr.  
J. M. Tibaut, Freight and Ticket Agt  
A. Lasker, Material Agent.  
Robert Potts, Master Mechanic.  
**STEAMSHIP AGENCIES—**  
Elder-Dempster, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
French, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
Hamburg-American, Luis Weckmann.  
Royal Mail, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
Spanish, F. J. Alvarado & Co.  
United Fruit Co.  
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**SCHOOLS—**

Miss Elvira de la Guardia, mistress.  
Baptist, Henry Hylton, Master.  
Church of England, W. E. Price.  
Master; Miss Z. Barton, Mistress.  
Wesleyan, W. J. Flowers, Master.  
**SODA WATER MAKERS—**  
Simon Cohn.  
**STATIONERY—**  
Wood's Book Store.  
**STORES—**  
A. C. Campbell.  
John Sachs.  
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C. W. Grant.  
T. P. McGuinness.  
**BUTCHERS—**  
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H. Portuondo.  
R. A. Watson.  
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Zacarias Cheves, Chief Operator.  
**WATCHMAKERS—**  
J. A. Calorie.  
A. J. L. Steele.  
Jacob Stevens.  
**WHARF MASTER—**  
Captain W. G. Baker.

## DIRECTORY OF PRINCIPAL RESIDENTS.

Acevedo, Ramon F.  
Allen, Horatio.  
Arnold, Mr. L. C.  
Brown, R. H.  
Becket, H. S. C. G.  
Beckles, Charles.  
Beale, John M.  
Buchanan, James.  
Bonilla, Alfonso.  
Campbell, C. A.  
Chivi, Nicolas.  
Childa, Richard.  
Cummins, Polemus.  
Diermisen, Max.  
Foster, W.  
Fry, Peter.  
Forbes, Charles.  
Fennel, Samuel.  
Grant, E. A.  
Greenwood, John.  
Gordon, Alexander.  
Guilph, Fred.  
Guridi, Francisco.  
Loofs, J. F.  
Legion, E.  
Morrison, J. C.  
Macpherson, Sarah.  
Maroney, Robert.  
Mart, Jack.  
Nunes, O. P.  
Pilgrim, J. R.  
Pardo, Rogelio.  
Reifschlager, Ernest.  
Rafter, Wm. G.  
Reynolds, Charles.  
Ramsay, Henry.  
Shaw, Charles Aubrey.  
Shaw, Samuel.  
Simmons, Captain S.  
Seaman, W. M.  
Scott, C. D.  
Smith, C. H.  
Schutt, Richard.  
Taylor, Col. H. M.  
Zurcher, Harry.

## ANTIQUITY OF CIVILIZATION.

The Long March of Time From Flint Implements to Ivory Statuettes.

So far as the question of time is concerned, it deserves notice that not merely geology, but almost every form of inquiry into the past, throws further back the limits usually assigned.

Egypt, for instance, is continually furnishing fresh proofs of the antiquity of civilization. Prof. Flinders Petrie expounded at Owens College, Manchester, England, a few days ago, the results of recent explorations at Abydos, in Upper Egypt, from which it appears that the ruins at that one spot tell a continuous story that carries us back to 5000 B. C. Abydos was the first capital of Egypt, and remained for forty-five centuries the religious centre, the Canterbury of the land; and there the Egyptian Exploration Fund has unearthed the remains of "ten successive temples, one over the other." From the age of the first temple a group of about two hundred objects has been found, which throws surprising light on the civilization of the First Dynasty. A part of a large glazed pottery vase of Menz, the first king of the First Dynasty, about 4700 B. C., showed that even then they were making glaze on a considerable scale, and also infusing it with a second color. The ivory carving was astonishingly fine, a figure of a King showing a subtlety and power of expression as good as any work of later ages.

About 4000 B. C. an ivory statuette of Cheops, the builder of the great pyramid, was found, the only known portrait of him. Making every possible allowance for the marvellous rapidity of art development, must not many thousands of years have rolled over between the pristine dwellers in the Nile Valley and the men who carved ivory statuettes and manufactured glazed work infold with second colors? It is a long, long march from first implements to the gleaming temple ivory statuettes and human portraits.—London Telegraph.

**My Pet Linon Economy.**

I have found it a great saving to buy remnants of damask for making everyday napkins, casing-cloths, bureau and sideboard covers. All but the napkins I decorate by outlining some leaves of other designs with silk-wool. Recently I bought a remnant of damask—two yards, twenty-one inches and seventy inches wide, a seventy-five-cent quality for one dollar and twenty-five cents. I cut three strips, each seventeen inches wide, crosswise of linen. Each strip made four napkins. Of the piece remaining I cut two sideboard covers, using the border of the damask for the length. There are each forty-two inches long and twenty-one inches wide. The leaves forming the border I outlined in old gold silk-wool. I still had left a piece thirty-eight by forty-two inches. These I finished with a hem-stitched border an inch deep. Comparing my napkins and cloths with the ordinary ones, I have twelve napkins, worth one dollar and twenty-five cents; two casing-cloths, worth one dollar; two sideboard covers, worth one dollar, and all together worth three dollars and twenty-five cents. They cost me only one dollar and twenty-five cents, and I thus saved two dollars even.—Woman's Home Companion.

**The World's Fair.**

A man has just as much chance to draw a prize in the matrimonial lottery as in any other—about a thousand to one.

When his daughter is old enough to have a beau, a man can see for himself what a silly young cub he was about eighteen years ago.

A woman who has just had a \$34 fall hat charged to her husband thinks she is very economical to go home without getting any ice cream soda when it is too cold to drink it.—Cincinnati Commercial Tribune.

WHERE THE TROUBLE LIES.

I think as many thoughts as most, And some of them are really great, I do not say the thing to boast— I only care the fact to state.

Why can't I think of things in time! My failure fills me with disgust, It always seems to me that I'm behind and getting all the dust.

Margaret.

MARGARET HUNGER-FORD STOOD UNDER

the window of a gallery in St. Matthew's Church and watched the man to whom she had been engaged six months before come down the aisle with the woman who had superseded her upon his arm.

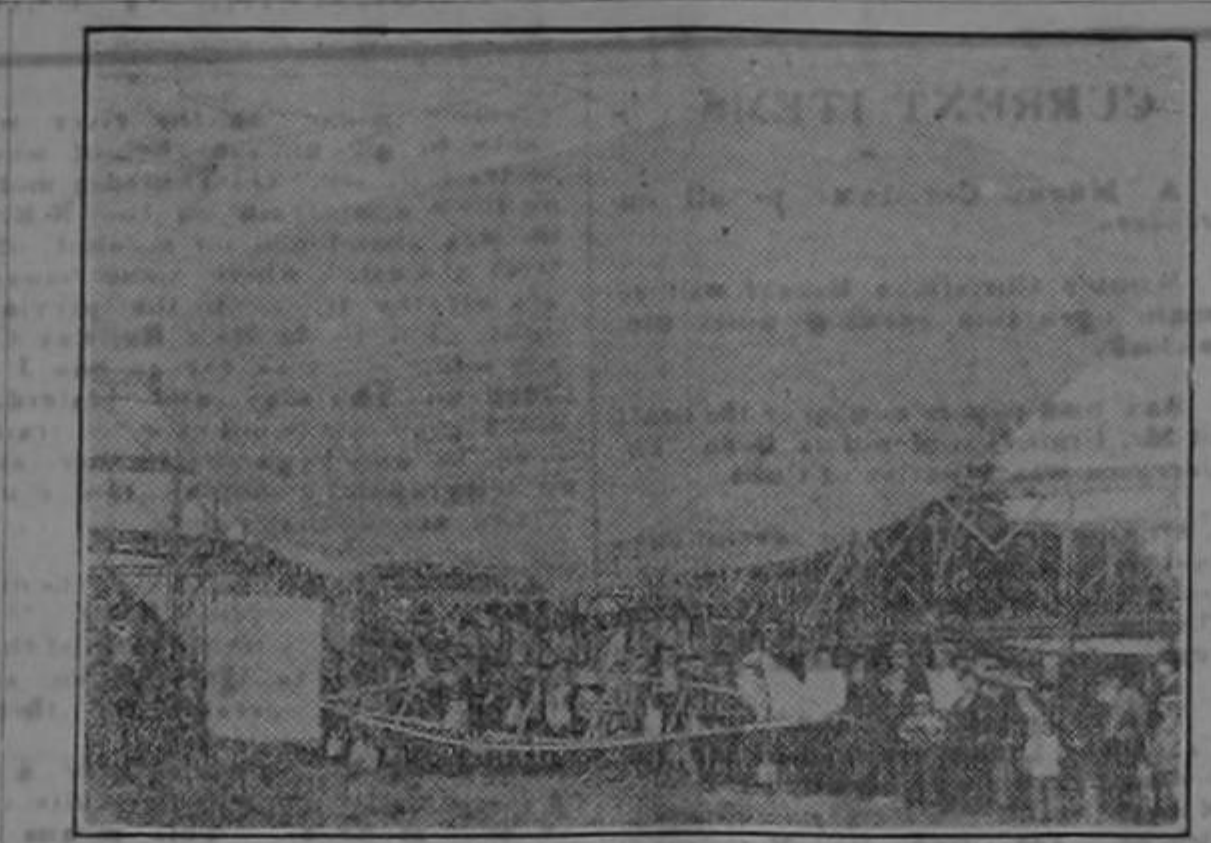
The great oculist's name was familiar enough for Darrel. It was a pity that Gerhardt himself, heading at that moment over a pair of sightless eyes, could not have lifted his head and looked into those of the woman he loved.

He shifted from one foot to the other in hesitating uncertainty. Then, as it was always easier for him to yield than to resist, he moved slowly back along the corridor.

"You must hurry up and get well," she said awkwardly, patting the white hand which lay on the counterpane.

"The Eskimos take boards a foot wide and an inch thick, and nail them together lengthwise in a triangular spout, a little wider than a good-sized salmon.

"The eyes which raised themselves to his were glowing with the wonder of faith which has become certainty. St. Louis Star.



Baldwin's Airship About to Ascend.

THE New Baldwin Airship.

By J. Mayne Bellimore.

CAPTAIN T. S. BALDWIN, of Oakland, Cal., is the recent inventor and constructor of what proves to be a very successful dirigible airship.

The first and initial trial of the craft was made from Idora Park, Oakland. Since then several other trials have been made, all of which proved very satisfactory.

No high altitude was attained by the new airship. Captain Baldwin's principal aim was to determine if the movements of his ship could be controlled. He ascertained this could be done quite easily.

At a height of about 700 feet he circled several times around the large park, going both against and with the wind, and moving at various angles.

Subsequent trials have also been made, when it was demonstrated that in every revolution of the large propeller, and in every move of the steering gear, and of the weights which raise or lower the vessel at will, the plans of the inventor have been carried into effect.

The balloon, by means of which the whole machine is raised, is somewhat blunt cigar-shaped. It measures fifty-four feet in length and is seventeen feet in diameter in the middle.

The balloon is inflated with hydrogen gas, and at an ordinary distension pressure contains 8000 cubic feet.

pounds, while its buoyancy will lift nearly 500 pounds. The rudder, which is rectangular in shape, five by three and one-half feet, is very easily manipulated from any part of the car, and the engine is regulated by a steel lever.

A weight, which can be shifted from bow to stern, or vice versa, permits the airship to be raised or lowered at will, a feature borrowed from Zeppelin's craft.

So confident is the inventor and builder of success that he has already entered his airship in the \$1,000,000 prize competition at the World's Fair, St. Louis, with his aerial machine.

In working the ship the propeller may be reversed at pleasure, thus pushing the vessel backward, whenever the same is necessary or desirable.

The trials showed that the ship very readily obeyed her helm.—Scientific American.

permits men to fire from a pit without exposure.

GUN SIGHTING DEVICE.

A rather elaborate device for the purpose of accurately aiming a gun from behind a wall or tree was introduced some time ago and attracted considerable attention among the military men of the world.

The introduction of electric traction in the Tranvia Rural, city of Buenos Ayres, is contemplated.

The Downfall of Russia, Its Causes and the Empire's Future . . . .

HE demonstrated inability of Russia to hold her own against Japan, either by land or sea, means more than naval and military incapacity; it is a convincing proof of the rottenness of the whole governmental system of the empire, and of the perilous insecurity of the foundation on which that system has been reared.

A MENACE TO PROGRESS.

This vaulting ambition was held by other members of the family of nations to be a serious menace to human progress, but there was everywhere a vague foreboding that it might attain its end.

"We cannot consent to look upon them as an even breed. That is, so to speak, an anthropological axiom. The Japanese will take good care not to face us in large bodies in the open field.

LACK OF WAR SPIRIT.

It was shared by a great many people in France and Germany, and did not lack acceptance even among our own people. The disillusionment would, perhaps, have been more painful and complete but for the entire absence of the war spirit among the Russian people.

But the passing of the military prestige of Russia is, nevertheless, destined to have more important consequences in the internal administration of the empire than in its external relations.

EFFECT OF DESPOTISM.

"This despotism, hideous in itself, exercises an eminently deleterious influence. It dries up noble and elevated sentiments; it degrades the soul; it corrupts, perverts and lowers the character, even more among those who exercise that despotism than among its victims."

WASTING MONEY ON RAILROADS.

A Russian professor said some two years ago that it was no exaggeration to affirm that, during the ten years preceding, the construction of railways had cost the country five hundred million rubles more than was necessary.

LEARNED COUNSEL.

Justice Leonard A. Giegerich, of the Supreme Court, tells a story of two lawyers who appeared before him some time ago in the argument of a motion. One was an excitable fellow, who blustered and sputtered a good deal, and the other was of the calm, judicial order, with the usual attendant of biting sarcasm.

compelled to keep more dvorniks and spies. The provincial administrations took months and even years to deal with the simplest petition, and the civil authorities had to call in the military to preserve order among the people.

WHAT THE PEOPLE WANT.

The opening paragraph in this long series of demands strikes at the conditions without which autocracy would be impossible.

"1. To extend to all classes an universal, unqualified law; no man may be deprived of personal freedom or property without trial, under danger of criminal and monetary responsibility for breaking the law.

PELL LIKE A BOMB SHELL.

All this sounds sufficiently elementary to those who enjoy the legacy of English liberty, but it fell like a bombshell within the circle of Russian officialdom. Its explosive force was decidedly increased by the declaration that these were merely the prelude to equally indispensable concessions, among which were universal education at the expense of the State and the right to teach children and to print school books in the local mother tongue.

Duchess' Dilemma.

A Brussels correspondent writes: The Duchess of Aosta, wife of the heir to the Italian throne, who has been spending the summer at Nieuport, has had an amusing experience in a bathing machine.

A Woman Admiral.

Queen Olga of Greece is the only woman admiral in the world, having been appointed to that honor in the Russian navy by the late Czar. She is devoted to life on the sea.

Up and Down.

The following telephone conversation, recently heard between a woman whose home is in the suburbs and a business acquaintance of her husband, illustrates some of the curiosities of our language:

Business Acquaintance—

"Good morning, Mrs. —. I'd like to speak to Mr. — for a moment."

Mrs. —. "I'm sorry, Mr. —, but my husband isn't down yet."

B. A. (inquiringly)— "Isn't down yet?" Mrs. —. "I mean he isn't up yet, I'm letting him sleep late this morning; he was so down last evening after his office troubles that he was ready to give up. He says he'll be down as soon as he gets up."—Harper's Weekly.

An Eskimo Salmon-Trap.

The Eskimos along the Yukon River have an odd method of catching salmon, which is described by Mr. Jerome Lynch in "Three Years in the Klondike."

The Eskimos take boards a foot wide and an inch thick, and nail them together lengthwise in a triangular spout, a little wider than a good-sized salmon.

The salmon swimming along the side of the shore against the strong current, go straight into this simple trap and cannot get back, and those in the rear press on those in front.

We saw eighteen large salmon taken from one of these spoils in a few minutes, and the Indians said they caught scores every day while the runs continued.

At an old Russian settlement we observed how the natives live and prepare for the winter. The fish were running plentifully, and every Indian, even to the little children, was busy bringing them up from the bank, opening them and hanging them on the trees, or temporary scaffolds, or tops of huts and cabins, in every conceivable place where a salmon could be put to dry out of reach of the dogs.

The run lasts about six weeks, and in that interval the natives must provide food for their families and dogs until next season. Very few wild animals exist on this lower Yukon, and with the addition of geese and ducks, salmon is the only food that the country provides for its inhabitants.

The frame, or car, is placed directly below the balloon—about twelve feet—and weighs sixty-five pounds. The total weight of the airship is 220

Telephone Girls of Europe.

A London correspondent who has a London-Paris-Milan wire in his room writes that in his opinion the telephone girl is not quite an angel.

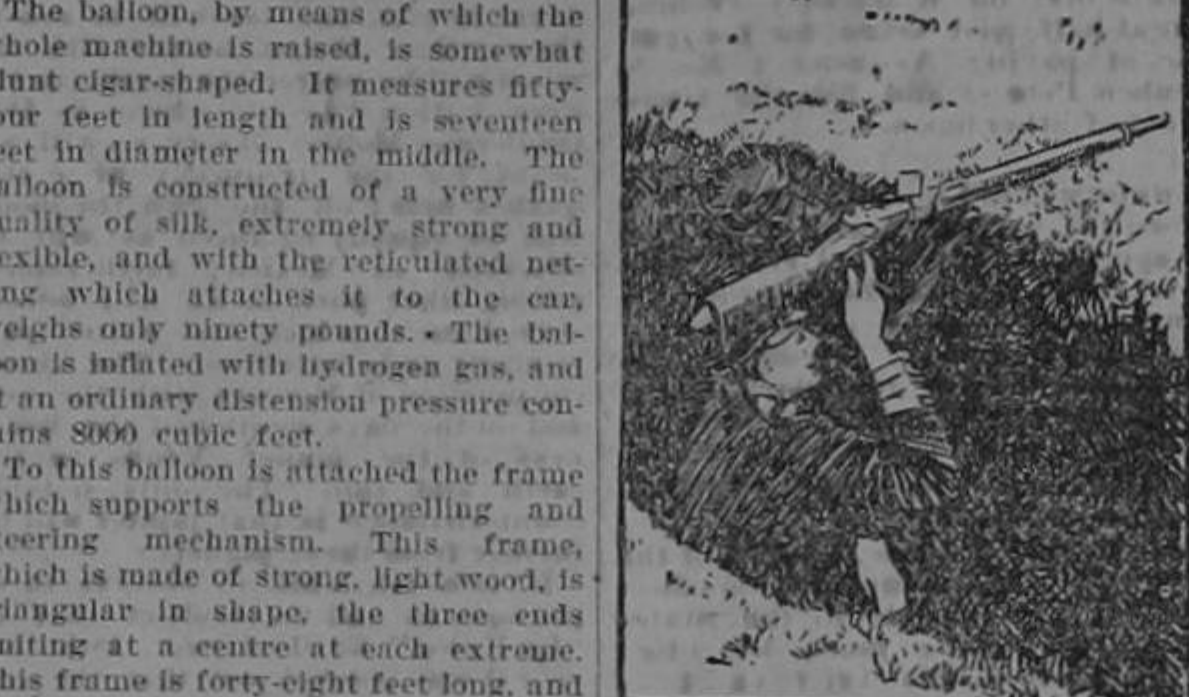
"But," he protested, "I have been ringing for half an hour!" "Oh, really! I am so sorry, I was drinking my tea!"

In Paris the girls are absent-minded and usually make the connection badly, but have invariably an excuse and will not bear remonstrances.

The Italian telephone girl by the side of her London and Paris sisters shines indeed. She is obliged to repeat the number wanted, and so seldom makes a wrong connection, she is prompt, and not exceptionally pert, but she is lazy, and will often tell you that the person you want does not reply when she has made no effort to ring him up.—Rome Secolo.

Ground ivy and mustard can be destroyed through sprinkling with a solution of copperas (sulphate of iron).

FERING WITHOUT EXPOSURE.



soldiers are firing from a rifle pit they are obliged to expose their heads. To obviate this Mr. Waller has put a little mirror on the rifle, which permits the soldier to aim with the greatest accuracy and yet keep himself hidden.

The introduction of electric traction in the Tranvia Rural, city of Buenos Ayres, is contemplated.

AN INGENIOUS TIGER TRAP.



A correspondent writes to the London Graphic: "I send you a sketch of an ingenious tiger trap used by the natives in Cam Rank Bay, an isolated part of Cochin China. It is constructed as follows. A tree log is hollowed out in the form of a cylinder, and around both ends strong iron spikes are fixed, which project inwards, leaving an aperture of about six inches.

A pariah dog or small pig is placed inside through a trapdoor and serves as a bait for the tiger, or large black panther, which abounds in the mountainous part of the country. The animal's paw, once pushed in to drag out the bait, cannot be withdrawn, and in the struggles for freedom the brute only the more strongly impales itself on the spikes.

**RUSSIA AND JAPAN.**

**LATEST CABLES.**  
St. Petersburg 14.—The daily papers publish without comment, the particulars of the disorders resulting from the public manifestations made by the Social Democrats yesterday evening in front of the Kasan Cathedral and which resulted in the killing and wounding of several persons of both sexes. Many of the articles favor the establishment of the political reforms proposed by the Socialists.

Tokio 13.—The bombardment of the Port Arthur fleet continues. All hope is now abandoned of the remaining ships being in a condition to offer battle to the Japanese. The battleship "Sevastopol" is still anchored in the outer roads, but it is very likely she will return to the inner harbour tonight and anchor behind the hill in order to avoid a torpedo attack.

London 13.—At 4 p.m. the Japanese announced a heavy cannonading against the Russian position east of the railway, and the Russians observed the Japanese lights, thanks to which the Russians were enabled to concentrate a murderous fire on the enemy.

St. Petersburg 13.—Yesterday at midday an immense multitude of people congregated in the Norky Prospect and made a demonstration against the Government. Thousands of students of both sexes assisted. Hundreds of policemen and mounted gen. arms were concealed behind the buildings and at a signal charged the crowd compelling them to flee in all directions. In consequence of this barbarous treatment over 50 persons were killed. Hundreds were arrested and placed in prison. The proclamation of the Socialistic Democrats which called together the public demonstration resulted in the following motto:—"The voice of the people has been raised, but the Government will not listen to us. We pass a laborious existence, our condition is worse than prisoners. We now propose to our wishes to put a stop to the war and a Government for the people. Long live social democracy! Down with autocracy. We are all ready to carry out our wishes and will commence in front of the Kasan Cathedral at 1 p.m." Tonight news was received of the disorders in front of the Cathedral. During the confusion the crowd used their weapons which obliged the police to charge them and several deaths were the result. This however did not prevent other manifestations. On Thursday a further manifestation will be made, it being the day of trial of Sassoneff, the murderer of Von Plehme.

Buenos Aires 13.—The Government of Japan has addressed a note to the Government in which they ask if the report that several warships have been sold to Russia is true. The Minister of Foreign Relations has to Russia is true. The Minister of Foreign Relations has replied in the negative.

Tokio 18.—The Commander of the third Japanese squadron telegraphs as follows: At daylight on the 14 a two squadrons of torpedo boats entered Port Arthur, one under Commander Otake and the other under Lieut. Miyamoto. The first reached the point agreed upon, thanks to the heavy fog prevailing which hid them from the Russian lights. When Miyamoto's squadron began searching for the enemy's ships one of his boats was separated from the others. At 4 a.m. the torpedo boat in charge of Lieut. Makamura attacked a Russian ship without assistance, while another discharged a torpedo against the battleship "Sevastopol" causing a tremendous explosion. Both the boats returned to the meeting place without injury, but without having encountered the missing torpedo boat.

St. Petersburg 18.—The arrest of Captain Claudio is causing some difficulty, as he is accused of making false statements in his letter published in the "Novoe Vremya." Claudio is one of the principal witnesses in the Dugaer Bank incident and his evidence is considered of great importance to the Commission, but if this signature is not removed from his name, his evidence will be worthless. The "Novoe Vremya" urges his immediate release in order to clear his name and character.

Nyburg 18.—The Russian auxiliary cruiser "Okean" passed here going south evidently on her return home.

Paris 18.—The latest news received from the "Okean" was from Taurier which place she left on the 9th, on her way to the east. It is presumed that she has now met with some accident which has compelled her to return to Cronstadt.

Hambur 18.—General Kaulbars, Commander of the third division arrived here today and was accorded an enthusiastic reception. There are in the city 22 hospitals, each having 180 beds; that dedicated to officers use is under the charge of the wife of General Mischanko. Many cases of typhus exist here.

St. Petersburg 18.—The popular impression here is that the Czar in celebrating his (Saint day) next Monday will issue a decree abolishing grand processions in the Government of Russia. If this does not occur great trouble is expected.

**To Fight Fire on the N.R.R. Pier.**

The Northern Railway Company have placed on their pier a 40 horse power electric motor (to be shortly followed by another) for pumping sea water in case of fire. About 150 feet of hose of 6 inches will be used to distribute the water from one end of the pier to the other. The motor is placed near the entrance of the dock which will make its use available if necessary, on the Custom House buildings nearby. A stream of water can be thrown to a height of at least 60 ft. from one of the motors.

Several tests were made by the Superintendent of the plant, Mr. Musgrave, in the presence of the General Manager, Mr. Schweppe on Friday last, the result of which were thoroughly satisfactory.

The second motor will be placed at the end of the pier within a few days.

**Severe Earthquake In The City.**

**SHOCK FELT IN SAN JOSE.**

At midnight on Monday the entire city was thrown into a state of alarm by a very severe shock of earthquake, the like of which had never been experienced in Port Limon by the oldest inhabitant.

The oscillation was from north to south and its duration over forty seconds. It commenced with a slight motion which increased gradually, then partially subsided, and once more increased with redoubled force. About three minutes after another and milder shock was felt.

Several private houses, and shops suffered through the breaking of crockery and glass ware, bottles, etc. At the United Fruit Company's Lodge the water in the tanks was thrown out with considerable force. Telephone communication was immediately opened with San José and that city reported that the shock was felt there and hundreds of citizens had rushed out of their houses. In the shop of José Ah Fong near the Church of St. Martin's, the electric light connections were torn from the ceiling and the lamps with attachments thrown on the floor and broken. The water tanks on the roof of Mr. C. V. Lindo's residence emptied a good portion of their contents, flooding the lower portion of the house.

It is satisfactory to note that Messrs. Lindo's two substantial concrete buildings one of which is occupied by that firm and the other by His Majesty's Vice Consul, stood the severe test admirably, not the smallest particle of the material used in their construction having been destroyed. The Limon Lodge also proved its stability although the shock was felt there in all its intensity, and the inmates almost without exception hurriedly left their rooms. It is a surprise to many persons that Blue Building does not now occupy the site of Russell's shop opposite.

**TWO MORE EARTHQUAKES.**

A slight shock of earthquake was felt in Limon at 7.35 p.m. Tuesday night and another at 4 a.m. Wednesday morning.

The earthquake on Monday night was felt in Bocas del Toro, where it is said the shock was very severe.

**THE EARTHQUAKES AS EXPERIENCED IN OTHER PORTS.**

From "El Noticiero" we gather the following:—

Since Dec. 31st 1888 no earthquake shock which has visited Costa Rica has been so severe.

The citizens of San José passed the greater part of the night on the streets. In Cartago the shock was very severe, and no one attempted to sleep even return to their dwellings to rest a repose on the earthquake calamity. In Heredia the alarm was very great, and in Alajuela the citizens were panic stricken. News from San Juan reports four houses damaged.

The representative of this paper had a short interview with Don Pedro N. Guzman, the astronomer, who among other things said: "The earthquake of last night occurred as I predicted, an error of two days, can hardly be helped in phenomena of this nature. After tomorrow the 22nd will be the commencement of the weather and the beginning of a critical time which in all probability may produce other phenomena. The earthquake of last night did not feel because I was asleep in the effects of an opiate, but at the identical hour when the moon was nearest the meridian (according to what I was informed) the occurrence took place. On the 29th March next, a comet will be observed and the tides in Puntarenas will be of unusual height."

Many persons visited the Visco Geographic Institute on Tuesday morning, and according to observations registered there the earthquake shock occurred at 12:10 and lasted 45 seconds. News from Escasas reports that the Church bell tolled twice during the shock. By wireless telegraph we learn that the earthquake was very severe in Bocas del Toro and many houses suffered damage. The United States warship "Dixie" at anchor there reported by means of her wireless apparatus that the shock was severely felt on board and the crew much alarmed.

**Knocked Out By President.**

**BOXING CONTEST AT WHITE HOUSE.**

(From "Daily Telegraph.")

Chicago, Nov. 25.—A dispatch from Washington to the "Tribune" says that President Roosevelt prodded his right to the title of exponent of the manly art of boxing by knocking down and out an army officer in a boxing contest at the White House on Wednesday.

Lieut. Granville R. Fortescue is the officer in question. He is a cousin of Mrs. Roosevelt. President Roosevelt is gaining flesh at a rate not to his liking, and he invited Lieut. Fortescue to put the gloves on. The young army officer accepted the invitation promptly, and the President and his companion began punching each other with great vigor.

The contest was entirely friendly, but the President became so earnest in his work that he dealt the army officer a stiff right hand punch which landed squarely on the left cheek and knocked Lieut. Fortescue down and out.

The blow caused a slight discoloration about the left eye, but the injury was slight and was a source of much amusement to Lieut. Fortescue as well as to the President.

Colds are quickly cured by Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It acts on nature's plan, loosens the cough, relieves the lungs and opens the secretions, effecting a permanent cure. It counteracts any tendency of a cold to result in pneumonia. For sale by INTERNATIONAL PHARMACY, LIMON.

The Costa Rica Railway afternoon train on Wednesday, did not arrive in Limon until 8 p.m., due to a large tree falling across the track. The water was one foot high over Bonilla Bridge and every indication of its becoming worse as the river was close to an unusual height when he train passed. On Thursday morning the 8 a.m. train on the N.R.R. line was abandoned on account of a wreck at Castro, where some bananas were left the truck on the previous night. The Costa Rica Railway Company sold bananas for as San José Creek on Thursday and yesterday for 1 g. was not expected to arrive as early as they had hoped, and no telegraphic communication could be had beyond that point.

**CURRENT ITEMS.**

A MERRY Christmas to all our readers.

Wood's Christmas Bazaar will remain open this evening until nine o'clock.

SAN JOSE papers announce the death of Mr. Francisco Mendocina Boza. He deceased was a native of Cuba.

OUR publisher, who for several days last week suffered from malaria, calomel, quinine, epsom salts and other things, is now on his feet again at tending to business as usual.

The election for the Junta de Caridad of Limon resulted in the following: Francisco Golser, President; Robert Smith, Secretary; Eduardo Beeche, Treasurer.—"El Noticiero."

THE "Official Gazette" announces the following:—His Excellency the President of this Republic has been pleased to recognize Mr. Benjamin E. Piza as Consul General for the Republic of Panama in this country.

OUR readers are reminded that the sale by public auction of unclaimed packages lying in the Limon Custom House takes place on the 27th inst., at noon. One hundred and thirty-six packages will be put to the hammer.

THE N. L. & P. str. "Moichan", which has been loading coffee at No. 3 berth F.A.C.R. pier, was compelled to leave the dock on Thursday through the heavy seas running. She sustained some damage to several of her plates which were badly cracked, through striking the pier.

THE H. A. Co.'s s.s. "Sibiria" will (weather permitting) leave here for Kingston direct on Monday evening, taking mails and passengers. Cheques for remittance by this steamer can be obtained at this office up to hour of sailing.

We have been requested to call attention to the fact that a man named George Young, recently from Bocas del Toro, is now in search of employment here, presenting a testimonial from Messrs. Kroesman, Boden & Co. The man Young, we understand, never was employed by this firm.

MR. W. R. Baxter, representing Messrs. Prentice, Service & Henderson, Steamship Owners of Glasgow, arrived here en route for England from Caracas by the French steamer of this week. He left for Manchester by the "Manistee" yesterday.

THE appointment is confirmed of Mr. R. J. Schweppe as Manager of the Costa Rica Division of the United Fruit Company and General Manager of the Northern Railway Company. Mr. Schweppe in turn has named Mr. W. G. Chase, Superintendent of the Northern Railway Company. Both gentlemen, we are satisfied, will prove themselves well worthy the honor bestowed on them.

MUTUAL LIFE ASSURANCE.—A meeting of Directors of the Limon Mutual Life Assurance Society will take place at the Treasurer's office (Wood's Book Store) on Wednesday evening next at half past seven for the purpose of paying Assessment No. 50 (Reuben Peto) and for the transaction of other business.

CHRISTMAS in Limon this year, even before the wet weather set in, did not appear to be particularly bright. Apart from Wood's Book Store nothing in the way of preparation or decoration had been attempted. As one of our readers remarked: "If it were not for Wood's Book Store, we would only have the calendar to notify us when Christmas approached."

MR. E. P. Schweppe, Cashier of the United Fruit Company's Limon office, returned from his trip to the States last week, looking much brighter in health from his visit than when he left. Though absent such a short time, Mr. Schweppe covered something like eight thousand miles during his travels in the States.

THE British yacht "Veroneque", owned by Earl Fitzwilliam, arrived at Puntarenas on Monday at 10 a.m. from Panama. The "Veroneque" has a registered tonnage of 2,083 tons and a crew of 75 men. She is commanded by Capt. Morrison. The Earl is accompanied by Colonel Gordon Carter, Frank Brooke, Capt. A. R. North, H. D. Grant and Dr. Brady. The object of the cruise is pleasure.—"El Dia."

THE str. "Manistee" loading fruit at the N.R.R. wharf had to be cut loose at 2 a.m. on Friday and was compelled to seek her anchorage. Five inch hausers snapped like threads, and others had to be chopped away to enable her leaving.

THE friends in this country of Mr. Peter Heenan, formerly engine driver on the Costa Rica Railway, will regret to hear of the death of his wife. Mr. Heenan since leaving Costa Rica has been engaged on the Canadian Pacific Railway, but Mrs. Heenan latterly has been in failing health and he decided on taking her back to England. She died three days before reaching there, and was buried at sea.

THE passengers by the "Manistee" from England this week included Mr. Wm. Le Lachuer, a member of the firm of Messrs. Wm. Le Lachuer & Sons, Merchants, Lombard Street, London. Mr. Le Lachuer's grandfather, Mr. Wm. Le Lachuer, for many years handled most of the coffee exported from this country, his steamers taking in their cargo at Puntarenas and making the voyage around Cape Horn. A monument to his memory is erected in the Episcopal Church, San José, which the deceased gentleman took a prominent interest in.

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THE recent heavy rains have done some damage at Camp One cemetery. Several coffins were washed out on the east side of the house on the hill, and rolled down on the level. Many of these have been recognized and in two cases new coffins have been provided and the remains re-interred by surviving relations. The authorities have visited the cemetery doubtless with a view of deciding upon opening a new one, which should have been done at least two years ago as the present site is over-crowded and hardly a spot available without exhuming the remains of some other person.

It is reported that engine No. 22 has been completely buried under the slide between Siquirres and Las Lomas. Both engine and ironwork are supposed to be under the debris. Three other trains are behind this and can neither go back to Las Lomas nor come forward. The news was brought to Siquirres by one of the passengers of the other train, the first passenger from the wreck since it occurred. The bridge at Rio Honda, which was washed away and that of Madre de Dios washed several feet out of plumb. The wash outs at San José Creek prevent the train passing that point.

LA REPUBLICA over the signature of "P. N. Gutierrez" publishes an interesting article which actually overshadowed the recent earthquake shock in this city.

A reference is made to a Spanish paper called "La Horquilla de Oro" which demonstrates the ultimate contact between the sun, the earth and the moon resulting in earthquakes. Between the 27th and 31st inst., not only this phenomena, but on the last day at 10 p.m. the sun will be near the earth; at 11 a.m. on the 27th the moon will be near the earth, in the constellation "Leon", which, as Don Guillermo Molino also recs, will account for the frequency of earthquakes here; on the 29th the moon will be equally balanced as will be observed in Mexico; furthermore, among other phenomena will be observed one to which the writer particularly calls attention: The closer conjunction of Mercury with the sun, and on the days mentioned the nearness of the planet Venus to the earth and sun. The only notable counterbalance is that Jupiter will be further from these planets.

It is worth while to observe these phenomena and to recollect that in "La Union" No 31 of Sept. 18th this year it was pointed out that the celebrated comet of Encke would pass much nearer the sun on the 2nd of next month and on the 15th of same, Weineck, points which were taken by the meter in his almanack, which through the misuse by a certain house was not given to the public.

It is a noteworthy fact that the above was published before the recent earthquake shocks which have visited us since Monday.

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ACCORDING to late accounts the disaster at San José will be repeated this year. It is generally expected that there is a communication between here and San José will not be re-established until several weeks. This means a scarcity of food supplies in Limon, and other essential inconveniences. The damage done as it is difficult to estimate at just now, but in the long run it will be considerable. The National Highway, fortunately, has no interruption of consequence, the passenger train yesterday running through and bringing with it a number of oars of bananas.

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**Earthquake Prediction.**

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It is a noteworthy fact that the above was published before the recent earthquake shocks which have visited us since Monday.

**CHURCH NOTES.**

THE Rev. E. A. Pitt returned from Jamaica by the R.M.S. "Atrato" last week much benefited in health from his trip. He expects to return to Jamaica some time in February to attend the Wesleyan Annual Synod.

A CHRISTMAS Service, entitled "The Dear Old Story", will take place at the Wesleyan Church to-morrow afternoon at half past three.

THE Wesleyans will hold a Garden Party at the Railway Company's Belk Bodegan on Tuesday coming, the 27th inst., commencing at four o'clock. A hand will be in attendance and refreshments will be on hand at the different stalls. The proceeds are in aid of the church funds.

A TIMELY SUGGESTION.—This is the season of the year when the prudent and careful housewife replenishes her supply of Chamberlain's Cough Remedy. It is certain to be needed before the winter is over, and results are much more prompt and satisfactory when it is kept at hand and given as soon as the cold is contracted and before it has become settled in the system. In almost every instance a severe cold may be warded off by taking this remedy freely as soon as the first indication of the cold appears. There is no danger in giving it to children for it contains no harmful substance. It is pleasant to take—both adults and children like it. Buy it and you will get the best. It always cures. Sold by INTERNATIONAL PHARMACY, LIMON.

SAILED.

Dec. 10.—At 11.30 p.m. s.s. Preston, Norwegian, c. Halversen, 30 crew and

Dec. 11.—At 10.30 p.m. s.s. Ellis, Norwegian, c. Hansen, 34 crew and 1,250 tons register, for Bocas del Toro. 3 passengers. No cargo. No correspondence. Consigned to J. Kaempfer.

Dec. 12.—At 1.30 a.m. s.s. Esparta, English, c. Rose, 43 crew and 2,109 tons register, for Boston. 5 bales cargo. No correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

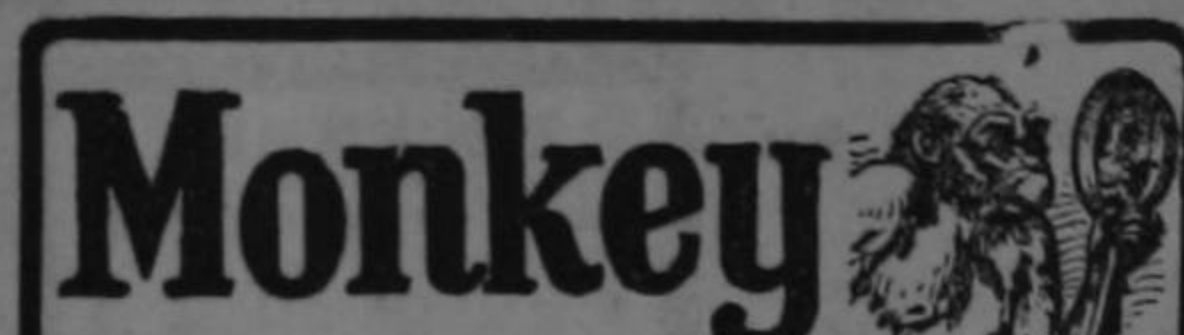
Dec. 13.—At 6 a.m. the launch Washington, c. Smith, 5 crew and 5 tons register, from Bocas del Toro. 8 passengers. No cargo. 1 sack correspondence. Consigned to J. Kaempfer.

Dec. 15.—At 7.30 a.m. s.s. Atrato, English, c. Stranger, 155 crew and 2,967 tons register, from New Orleans. 75 passengers. Cargo: 2 horses, 61 sacks correspondence. Consigned to F. J. Alvarado & Co.

Dec. 16.—At 5 a.m. s.s. Alleghany, German, c. Bode, 60 crew and 1,660 tons register, from Cartagena. 16 passengers. 3,744 bales cargo. 4 sacks and 1 packet correspondence. Consigned to John M. Keith.

Dec. 16.—At 9 a.m. the launch Anetta, c. Archibald, 4 crew and 5 tons register, from Bocas del Toro. 18 passengers. No cargo. 1 sack correspondence. Consigned to F. J. Alvarado & Co.

Dec. 17.—At 1 p.m. s.s. Taunton, Norwegian, c. Ellefson, 24 crew and 830 tons register, from Colon. 1 passenger. General cargo. 1 sack correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.



**Monkey**

CLEANS AND POLISHES AT THE SAME TIME.

Try it on your Harness and Saddlery.  
Makes Brass and Copper Shine like Gold.

**BRAND**

SALE.

(From "Star & Herald.")

It is with feelings of deep regret that we have to chronicle the demise of our highly esteemed friend Don Alfredo Lindo, which took place in San Salvador, and of which sad event his family in this city received advice by cable.

The departed was for many years domiciled in this city with his family, and at the head of a large and thriving business. On the collapse of the Canal work the field of business here became too small for his ambitious spirit, and, much to the regret of the many friends he had gained on the isthmus by his ever gentlemanly and cordial bearing, socially as well as commercially, he transferred his sphere of work to the capital of the Republic of Salvador where he gained for himself the same respect and affection he has ever commanded here.

Don Alfred Lindo also represented the interests of this paper in San Salvador, and by his zeal and sterling business qualities succeeded in placing the agency on a very satisfactory footing.

To his wid and children and all the members of his family we tender our heartfelt sympathy and condolences.

A brother in law, and Mr. Lindo was for many years a partner of our esteemed fellow townsmen Mr. Isaac L. Maduro to whom and the family of the deceased the LIMON WEEKLY NEWS tenders its condolence.

**Musical Entertainment.**

In consequence of the inclemency of the weather, Miss Humphrey's "Musical" at St. Mark's school room, of which notice was given in our last issue, did not take place. We have been asked to announce that it will positively come off on Wednesday next, the 28th inst., at 7.30 p.m.

**Weekly Shipping List.**

**ARRIVED.**

Dec. 10.—At 4.30 p.m. s.s. Ellis, Norwegian, c. Hansen, 34 crew and 1,250 tons register, from Colon. 37 passengers. Cargo: 1 sack correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Dec. 11.—At 9.30 a.m. the launch Vanguardia, c. Jennitt, 5 crew and 18 tons register, from Bocas del Toro. 5 passengers. No cargo nor correspondence. Consigned to Maduro & Sons.

Dec. 11.—At 1 p.m. the Nicaraguan schooner "Sudbeam, c. Crighton, 6 crew and 45 tons register from Bluefields. No passengers nor cargo. 1 sack correspondence. Consigned to the Captain.

Dec. 12.—At 1.30 a.m. s.s. Esparta, English, c. Rose, 43 crew and 2,109 tons register, from Boston. 5 bales cargo. No correspondence. Consigned to the United Fruit Co.

Dec. 13.—At 6 a.m. the launch Washington, c. Smith, 5 crew and 5 tons register, from Bocas del Toro. 8 passengers. No cargo. 1 sack correspondence. Consigned to J. Kaempfer.

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Dec. 16.—At 5 a.m. s.s. Alleghany, German, c. Bode, 60 crew and 1,660 tons register, from Cartagena. 16 passengers. 3,744 bales cargo. 4 sacks and 1 packet correspondence. Consigned to John M. Keith.

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Dec. 11.—At 10.30 p.m. s.s. Ellis, Norwegian, c. Hansen, 34 crew and 1,250 tons register, for Bocas del Toro. 3 passengers. No cargo. No correspondence. Despatched by F. J. Alvarado & Co.

Dec. 11.—At 2.30 a.m. s.s. Belvaun, Norwegian, c. Olsen, 21 crew and 688 tons register, for Bocas del Toro. No passengers cargo nor correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Dec. 11.—At 10 a.m. s.s. Ellis, Norwegian, c. Hansen, 34 crew and 1,250 tons register, for New Orleans. 9 passengers. No cargo. 1 sack correspondence. Despatched by the United Fruit Co.

Dec. 12.—At 12.45 p.m. the Nicaraguan schooner "Sudbeam, c. Crighton, 6 crew and 45 tons register, for Bluefields. 3 passengers. No cargo nor correspondence. Despatched by the Captain.

Dec. 12.—At 4.30 p.m. s.s. Sarola, German, c. Wintzer, 50 crew and 2,652 tons register, for New York via Kingston. 92 passengers. Cargo: 5,335 sacks coffee, 8 sacks oranges, 94 sacks skin, 11 sacks rubber, 11 sacks cacao, 1 box iron, 7 boxes tomatoes, and 18,000 bunches bananas. 7 sacks and 2 packets correspondence. Despatched by John M. Keith.

Dec. 13.—At 11 p.m. the launch Washington, c. Smith, 5 crew and 6 tons register, for Bocas del Toro. 3 passengers. No cargo nor correspondence. Despatched by J. Kaempfer.

THE LIMON WEEKLY NEWS IS THE BEST Advertising Medium in Central America. If you want your business to prosper you must advertise.

Calendar for DECEMBER with days of the week and dates from 1 to 31.

Latest Foreign News.

Paris, 16.—The Minister of Foreign Relations has no trustworthy information relative to the murder of the French Military attaché. The announcement which is considered a sensational one, was published in London yesterday and stated that the Russian Government had been informed that the French and German Military attachés had been murdered while leaving Port Arthur in a Chinese junk. It is a notable fact that no claim has been prosecuted for the reward of 10,000 francs offered for news of their fate.

Imperial Council discussed the suggestions in a very liberal spirit. The veteran Soavovino, in an eloquent letter, published in the columns of the "Novoe Vremya," calls upon all Russians to join this great movement of evolution, not revolution. He pointed out that in the time of Von Plehve no one dared either to speak or write. In consequence of the weakening of the Port Arthur garrison through their efforts to recapture Hill 203 meters, the military authorities here are convinced that Stossell will be obliged to concentrate his forces on the headland, situated on the other side of the roadstead. Stossell and Tookson are convinced that their fathers will never be captured alive. With the destruction of the wireless telegraph station all future hope of receiving news from the doomed city is now abandoned. In a letter written to the press, the wife of Admiral Rojstvensky fully endorses Captain Claudio's letter written from his jail, in which he says that in his opinion, the Russian fleet cannot fight with any hope of success against that of Admiral Togo. The Admiral's wife encloses in her letter twenty-five rubles towards a fund for the establishment of a college of Naval Cadets bearing Claudio's name. The strongest feelings exist here in favor of the recall of Rojstvensky's fleet.

outspoken manner takes up the Captain's demand for a Court-Martial, declaring that he is a "dearable officer." An experienced critic says that Captain Claudio speaks nothing but the truth, which should be clearly presented to the nation, and adds that the foreign friends of the sinking of the remnant of Port Arthur squadron are "Cossacks" and "proletariat" that warning should be heeded rather than punished. More remarkable still is the fact that the "Russ" simultaneously has printed a letter over Claudio's name reiterating all that has been previously said concerning the necessity of reinforcing Rojstvensky, declaring that the Admiral before starting for the East expected that this would be the case.

A Monster Snake.

Don Miguel Ariza Fernandez, a resident of San Francisco (Costa Rica) has during the past few weeks lost several of his chickens, and believing that thieves were paying him regular visits, he began to watch on his chicken coop, his horror may be imagined when he observed a huge snake enter the building and removed one of the fowls from its perch. He hastened away and acquainted some friends and a watch was kept the next day. His anxiety duly made his appearance at the regular meeting and helped himself to another (his last) fowl when the snake discharged the contents of their gums into his body. The monster measured 7 feet and was proportionately fat. On dissecting him three whole fowls were found in his stomach. "El Noticiero."

CORRESPONDENCE.

Mr. Editor:—I am very responsible of the publication of the article published in your issue of the 12th inst. under the heading of "The Earthquake." I am sorry to hear that you have published it, but as you are a newspaper, you must publish what you receive.

STARVING IN THE MIDST OF PLENTY.

Mr. Editor:—Pardon me if I again open up an old time worn subject, but our city is in a state of famine. The city has been without water for three days and the cry of the people, "Water, water all around and not a drop to drink." The ruthless destruction of the water works by the mosquito hunters depriving the citizens of vessels for storing this life sustaining liquid during the recent heavy rains, up to the evening of Friday no steps have been taken to repair the damage done to the reservoir.

The Earthquake.

Paris, 18.—At the end of the month a tribunal will meet in the United States to arbitrate the French claims against Venezuela pending since 1890. The French arbitrator, Count Perotta de la Robs is on the point of embarking for the States. The interested parties have named a third, in the person of Francis Plutsky, professor of International Law to the University of Norwich.

A GENERAL PRAYER MEETING.

St.—Allow me a space in your valuable journal to say a few words on the above. On the night of the 19th inst. a general prayer meeting without doubt, was convened throughout this country, by the shock of terrible earthquake. It was about twelve o'clock when the shock was felt at Aguacero. There were many persons asleep at the time but were aroused by the quaking earth. Men and women suddenly became holy. "Lord, have mercy," were the words of the general prayer. One of the members of this prayer meeting, while speaking with another the next day, said: "If you had heard how I prayed last night, you would have thought me a saint." They made light of it. We do not know the extent of this now common visitor, nor the damage done to other places, but we are thankful that it has gone well with us. Earthquakes are sometimes very destructive.

What seem an ordinary shock in one place has been the total destruction of another. Now is the world's opportunity; the sinner can by repentance become a saint. But a universal prayer meeting day is coming when men and women who now refuse to pray in peace will pray in wrath; who now refuse to pray to the God of prayer, will pray to mountains and rocks; "Fall on us and hide us." Earthquakes are reminders of the closing up of earth's history. They are signs of our time. But how is it that ye do not discern this time?

H. LOUIS MIGNON, 20th December, 1904.

SHIPPING FORECASTS.

Table with columns: STR., DATE, FROM, TO ARRIVE, IN port, KINGSTON, COLON, JO., KINGSTON, DO.

DEATHS.

THE following deaths are recorded in Limon for week ending Dec. 24: Joseph Vickers, English, 24 years, Dec. 16. Ernest Collins, English, 29 years, Dec. 19. Thom's Cooper, English, 74 years, Dec. 19. Samuel Harris, English, 28 years, Dec. 20. Josefa de Gallardo, Colombian, 33 years, Dec. 21. Arthur Hanningin, English, 21 years, Dec. 22.

NOTICE.

I MONTERO CHING hereby give notice that all accounts due to me from San Wah Lee, of Limon, must be settled on or before the 25th of December, 1904.

AVISO AL PUBLICO.

Todos personas que debe a los que tiene contra la casa de "San Wah Lee" de Limon. A presentarse los mismos antes del 25 de Diciembre 1904 a J. Montero Ching.

LOST

BETWEEN 8 and 11 on Tuesday morning last in the eastern part of the city a Gold Scarf Pin. It is a beautiful and of little value to the finder will be given a reward of Five Colones on returning in good faith to "Limon Weekly News office."

Jos. Levy & Bros

Manufactureros por Mayor de Papeleria y Objetos de escritorio.

Agentes para la venta de sacos de papel para empaquetar, papel de envolver en rollos ó en pliegos, in preses ó sin imprimir, y en general para todo lo concerniente á Imprentas y librerias

Especial atencion se prestará á los pedidos del exterior y se dan las mejores facilidades para la pronta ejecucion de los pedidos.

520, 522, 524 Common St., NEW ORLEANS, LA., U. S. A.

WOOD'S XMAS BAZAAR

WILL REMAIN OPEN TO-NIGHT

Until Nine o'clock.

Toys, Dolls, Fireworks, Games, Christmas and New Year Cards, Fire Balloons, and everything calculated to please the young of both sexes.

NEW YEAR GOODS.

- Gem Pocket Diaries 25 cents each
Desk Calendars 50 "
Wagon Whistles (Whipman, Band of Hope, British Workman, and John Plowman) 15 "
Vocal Music Books (Chapman, Raphael's) 50 "
Pocket Diaries, new and old, all prices from 50 cents.

Wood's Book Store, Limon.

WOOD'S - BOOK - STORE.

TOILET REQUISITES, ETC. The Best Quality and Lowest Prices

Table listing various toiletries and their prices: Bath Sponge, Tooth Brushes, Hair Jo., Nail Brushes, Cloth Brushes, Aluminum Dressing Combs, Toilet Pins, Pocket Toilet Companion, Razors, Safety Razors, Razor Straps, Shaving Brushes, Ladies' Chatelaine Bags, Ladies' Purses, Shaving Soap, Soaps, Duchess, Sultan, Sunlight, Monkey Brand, etc.

SPECTACLES.

A large assortment of ordinary Spectacles and Folders to suit all sights at \$1.50.

Watch Chains

Gents' Rolled Gold, \$2.50, \$3.00, \$5.00 and \$7.50. Ladies' do. guaranteed 20 years, \$10.00, \$5.00, \$6.00, \$7.50, \$10.75 and \$12.00.

Smokers' Materials.

Capstan Cigarettes, per tin 0.10. Pipes, all prices, from 50 cents to 1.00. Cigarette Books, 10 cents, three for 0.25. Cigarette Holders, from 25 cents to 0.75. Cigar Holders, from 25 cents to 0.75.

WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON.

AVISO.

Todos las personas que deben a mi establecimiento anteriormente, y no cancelan sus cuentas antes el 15 de Enero de 1905 será puesta en manos de mi ahogado para cobrarlos. ESAU LYEN.

NOTICE.

All persons still indebted to the late firm of Esau Lyen are hereby called upon to settle their accounts on or before January 15th, after which date those unpaid will be placed in the hands of a lawyer for collection. ESAU LYEN.

Limon, Dec. 22nd, 1904. 4in-24-12

CHRISTMAS IS COMING!!

EVERYBODY is wondering where they will get a nice present for their best friend. No need to wonder long, just go right to WILLIAMSON'S - JEWEL - HOUSE.

It is an up-to-date establishment with novelties unexcelled, such as Photo Albums, Christmas Cards, Parlor Stands.

The latest fad in TOILET SETS, TOYS OF ALL DESCRIPTION, REAL HALL MARK GOLD AND SILVER JEWELRY, WATCHES AND CLOCKS.

To say nothing of our home supply which is always the best in town. The name WILLIAMSON is a guarantee for good work. Five years honorable trading in Limon. All our goods are marked with the firm's initials.

J. O. WILLIAMSON. 4in-10-12.

BILHORN'S PORTABLE ORGANS

SOLE AGENTS FOR COSTA RICA

WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON.

Prices: 3 1/2 OCTAVE, SINGLE REED, 75.00 Colones. 3 1/2 do DOUBLE do 85.00 do. 4 do do 95.00 do.

NOTE: These organs will be supplied to responsible parties on the installment plan on payment of Fifteen colones cash and Fifteen Colones monthly. Ten per cent discount will be allowed for cash.

WOOD'S BOOK STORE, LIMON.

St. James' Anglican Church

SAN JOSE CREEK.

ON Sunday December 25th, at 3 o'clock p.m., Children's Day. Subject of Recitations and Songs: "Hearts of Gold." Collection in aid of Church fund, Monday 2nd, a miscellaneous Entertainment will be given, to commence at 8 p.m. Admission—adults \$1, children 50 cents. Recitation of new, interesting and amusing. You are cordially invited.

3in-10-12.

WANTED.

Contract to make Banana Farm of 2 or 3 hundred manzanas.

Apply Contractor, care of "Limon Weekly."

GROUND COFFEE

You will get the finest qualities at the factory of the Phoenix Coffee Co., Limon, C.R.

# THE SHARK A COWARD. Humor of Today

FROG RAISING INDUSTRY.

To Be Encouraged by Pennsylvania Fishing Commission.

Two Men.  
 One man by making both ends meet believes himself in clover.  
 Another's joy is not complete unless the ends lap over.  
 —Philadelphia Press.

The Inopportunities.  
 Horseowner—Did you feed the horse his oats?  
 Stable Boy—Yes, but he wouldn't eat; I wonder what the matter?  
 Follies—Probably objected to eating breakfast food for supper.—Detroit Free Press.

No Use For It!  
 The Czar—"Viskvitch."  
 The Orderly—"Your Highness."  
 The Czar—"Go and take down that sign in the front parlor window."  
 The Orderly—"Which sign, Your Highness?"  
 The Czar—"Boy wanted?"—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

Very True.  
 "If Washington were alive to-day, do you think he would be elected President?"  
 "I do not."  
 "Not enough of a politician, eh?"  
 "That isn't the reason."  
 "What then?"  
 "He'd be too old."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

As It Should Be.  
 "No," said the dentist, "it would simply be a waste of good money for me to advertise in the newspapers."  
 "Why do you think so?" queried the persistent solicitor.  
 "Because," explained the tooth carpenter, "my work speaks for itself through the mouths of others."—Chicago News.

Modern Necess.  
 "Have you practiced on the piano?"  
 "Yes, mother."  
 "And read Professor Simson's lecture on Greek art?"  
 "Yes, mother."  
 "And studied your calculus?"  
 "Yes, mother."  
 "Then you may go out and play for ten minutes."—Life.

Their Specialty.  
 The Americans ran away from their foreign competitors in the athletic games at St. Louis.  
 "So I saw. But if a certain European country had been represented, the result would have been different."  
 "To what country do you refer?"  
 "To Russia. Her representatives would run away from anything."—Cleveland Plain Dealer.

After a Few Washings.  
 Mrs. Gee—"How many pieces are in that set of dishes your husband gave you on your birthday?"  
 Mrs. Whiz—"About a thousand now."—Chicago Daily News.

Willie.  
 Dashaway—"You say your sister will be down in a minute, Willie? That's good news. I thought perhaps she wanted to be excused, as she did the other day."  
 Willie—"Not this time. I played a trick on her."  
 Dashaway—"What did you do?"  
 Willie—"I said you were another fellow?"—London Tit-Bits.

An Artful One.  
 "I am very much bothered. I can marry a rich widow whom I don't love, or a poor girl that I do love. What shall I do?"  
 "Listen to your heart and marry the one you love."  
 "You are right, my friend. I shall marry the girl."  
 "Then you can give me the widow's address?"—Fliegende Blaetter.

Nothing But the Truth.  
 "Yes," said Mr. Stormington Barris, "we did well in the West. At a one-night stand in Arizona we played to a \$10,000 house."  
 "Say, what are you giving me?" queried Mr. Walker Ties.  
 "Facts," answered the great footsore tragedian. "The one man who comprised the audience was said to be worth fully that amount."—Chicago News.

Little Willie's Trick.  
 Dashaway—"You say your sister will be down in a minute, Willie? That's good news. I thought perhaps she wanted to be excused, as she did the other day."  
 Willie—"Not this time. I played a trick on her."  
 Dashaway—"What did you do?"  
 "I said you were another fellow," exclaimed Willie, triumphantly.—London Tit-Bits.

The Fatalities.  
 Mr. Rootier—"The Giants were too much for the Pirates, seven of the latter dying at first, four were struck out and the only man that reached third was doubled up when trying to reach home."  
 Mrs. Rootier—"Oh, don't read any more of that terrible war news, John. Read the baseball news instead."—Chicago Journal.

Recognizing the growing demand for frogs as an article of epicurean diet, the Fishing Commission of the State of Pennsylvania has decided to encourage the raising of tadpoles to farmers and others who are in a position to take up frog raising as an industry. Heretofore there has been little systematic attempt to supply the market with frogs. In vacation days bands of boys have hunted the marshlands in search of the croakers, knowing that they were sure of a little pocket money for the trouble of taking a basketful of "balls" to market.

The method of catching the frogs has been to fish for them with a hook and line, the bait being a piece of red flannel. The game will jump for this delusive temptation and find itself caught on the hook. Another way the boys have of obtaining a supply of frogs for the market is to shoot them with small shot from an air rifle. The regular fishermen, those who eke out a living by catching frogs when fish are scarce, and who ply their trade in the swamps of Jersey and elsewhere, depend on a net and the quickness of their hand to capture the elusive quarry.

With only these irregular sources of supply the marketmen have been unable to furnish their customers with a steady quantity of frogs, and at times the caterers have been compelled to withdraw the item from their menus. The law governing supply and demand has put the price of frogs in these times to a figure that makes it actually profitable to raise them for market purposes, and the State of Pennsylvania intends to assist all who wish to take up the industry by supplying the nucleus for a froggy.

Epitaphs say that fried frog is a dainty fit for a king. Some eat only the legs. In the markets, however, frogs are exhibited in their entirety, minus the skin. It is said that all parts of the frog are edible, but some limit their desires to the hind legs. The appearance of the frog, both before and after he has been prepared for sale in the market, is not appealing, but those who are able to cross their eyes to this drawback say that as between fried frog and fried chicken their preferences are decidedly with the former.—New York Tribune.

My Pet Linen Economy.  
 I have found it a great saving to buy remnants of damask for making everyday napkins, carving-cloths, bureau and sideboard covers. All but the napkins I decorate by outlining some leaves or other designs with silk-threads. Recently I bought a remnant of damask—two yards, twenty-one inches and seventy inches wide, a seventy-five-cent quality for one dollar and twenty-five cents. I cut three strips, each seventeen inches wide, crosswise of linen. Each strip made four napkins. Of the piece remaining I cut two sideboard covers, using the border of the damask for the length. These are each forty-two inches long and twenty-one inches wide. The leaves forming the border I outlined in old gold silk-threads. I still had left a piece thirty-eight by forty-two inches. These I finished with a hemstitched border an inch deep. Comparing my napkins and cloths with the ordinary ones, I have twelve napkins, worth one dollar and twenty-five cents; two carving cloths, worth one dollar; two sideboard cloths, worth one dollar, and all together worth three dollars and twenty-five cents. They cost me only one dollar and twenty-five cents, and I thus saved two dollars even.—Woman's Home Companion.

Careless chaffeurs will soon bring the automobile into disrepute. Others have rights on the highway besides those who use the auto, thinks the Buffalo Times.

BY PROXY.

What the Baby Needs.

I suffered from nervousness and headache until one day about a year ago it suddenly occurred to me what a great coffee drinker I was, and I thought maybe this might have something to do with my trouble, so I shifted to tea for awhile, but was not better, if anything, worse.

"At that time I had a baby four months old that we had to feed on the bottle, until an old lady friend told me to try Postum Food Coffee. Three months ago I commenced using Postum, leaving off the tea and coffee, and not only have my headaches and nervous troubles entirely disappeared, but since then I have been giving plenty of nurse for my baby and have a large, healthy child now."

"I have no desire to drink anything but Postum and know it has benefited my children, and I hope all who have children will try Postum and find out for themselves what a really wonderful food drink it is." Name shown by Postum Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Both tea and coffee contain quantities of a poisonous drug called caffeine that directly affects the heart, kidneys, stomach and nerves. Postum is made from cereals only, scientifically blended to get the coffee flavor. Ten days' trial of Postum in place of tea or coffee will show a health secret worth more than a gold mine. That's a reason.  
 Get the book, "The Road to Well-ville," in each pkg.



## Miss Agnes Miller, of Chicago, speaks to young women about dangers of the Menstrual Period—how to avoid pain and suffering and remove the cause by using Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.

"TO YOUNG WOMEN:—I suffered for six years with dysmenorrhea (painful periods), so much so that I dreaded every month, as I knew it meant three or four days of intense pain. The doctor said this was due to an inflamed condition of the uterine appendages caused by repeated and neglected colds."

"If young girls only realized how dangerous it is to take cold at this critical time, much suffering would be spared them. Thank God for Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound, that was the only medicine which helped me any. Within three weeks after I started to take it, I noticed a marked improvement in my general health, and at the time of my next monthly period the pain had diminished considerably. I kept up the treatment, and was cured a month later. I am like another person since. I am in perfect health, my eyes are brighter, I have added 12 pounds to my weight, my color is good, and I feel light and happy."—Miss Agnes Miller, 25 Potomac Ave., Chicago, Ill.

The monthly sickness reflects the condition of a woman's health. Anything unusual at that time should have prompt and proper attention. Fifty thousand letters from women prove that Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound regulates menstruation and makes those periods painless.

READ WHAT MISS LINDBECK SAYS:



"DEAR MRS. PINKHAM:—Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound has greatly benefited me. I will tell you how I suffered. My trouble was painful menstruation. I felt as each month went by that I was getting worse. I had severe bearing-down pains in my back and abdomen.

"A friend advised me to try Mrs. Pinkham's medicine. I did so and am now free from all pain during my periods."—JESSIE C. LINDBECK, 1201 6th Street, Rockford, Ill.

FREE ADVICE TO WOMEN.

Remember, every woman is cordially invited to write to Mrs. Pinkham if there is anything about her symptoms she does not understand. Mrs. Pinkham's address is

Lynn, Mass., her advice is free and cheerfully given to every ailing woman who asks for it. Her advice has restored to health more than one hundred thousand women. Why don't you try it, my sick sisters?

**\$5000 FORFEIT** If we cannot forthwith produce the original letters and signatures of above testimonials, which will prove their absolute genuineness.  
 Lydia E. Pinkham Medicine Co., Lynn, Mass.

**Australia's New Postal Service.**  
 They have just introduced a really desirable coin-in-the-slot machine in Australia in the form of a mail collection box arranged so that if a letter is dropped into one opening and a penny into another the words "one penny paid" are impressed on a corner of the envelope and the postage is thus shown to be prepaid. This is a great convenience when one has no stamps in his pocket, but it must make the corner drug stores look rather lonesome.—Boston Transcript.

Scores of limited liability companies are being formed in England for the purpose of exploiting Tibet. The explorer is always careful to select a strong flag to follow, says the Commoner.

Falconry is having a revival among rich Frenchmen, but as it is conducted with automobiles, instead of horses, it can hardly be called a "knighthly sport" any longer.

HAPPY WOMEN.

Mrs. Pare, wife of C. B. Pare, a prominent resident of Glasgow, Ky., says: "I was suffering from a complication of kidney troubles. Besides a bad back, I had a great deal of trouble with the secretions, which were exceedingly variable, sometimes excessive and at other times scanty. The color was high, and passages were accompanied with a scalding sensation. Doan's Kidney Pills soon regulated the kidney secretions, making their color normal and banished the inflammation which caused the scalding sensation. I can rest well, my back is strong and sound and I feel much better in every way."

For sale by all dealers, price 50 cents per box. Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y.

WORLD'S FAIR ST. LOUIS.

Louisville and Nashville Railroad.  
 If you are going to the World's Fair you want the best route. The L. & N. is the shortest, quickest and best line. Three trains daily. Through Pullman Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars. Low Rate Tickets sold daily. Get rates from your local agent and ask for tickets via L. & N. STOPOVNA ALLOWED AT MAMMOTH CAVE.  
 All kinds of information furnished on application to J. G. HOLLENBECK, Dist. Pass. Agent, Atlanta, Ga.

Dodged the Constables.

Jersey game wardens and constables are keeping a sharp watch for persons who attempt to take game out of the State contrary to the game laws. The shooters from the Pennsylvania side of the Delaware are equally industrious in evading their vigilance. One gunner was successful yesterday in bringing his game across, despite the watchfulness of two constables on the lookout for their shares of the fines.

The shooter walked onto the ferryboat, carrying his gun and leading a couple of retrievers. The constables eyed him sharply; they crowded against him as he passed down the gangway, but could not detect anything to justify a search. He took a seat in the men's cabin until the boat was well out in the stream. Then he walked over into the women's cabin, and seating himself by the side of a stylishly dressed woman, who had a large dress-suit case at her feet, said:

"Well, they didn't get us this time. Have you the birds all right?"  
 "Sure," was the reply, "and they fill the case pretty full. I could hardly get them all in."  
 She was the gunner's wife and had met him by appointment on the Cambridge side to bring the game home and fool the wardens.—Philadelphia Press.

HIS EXPERIENCE.

Singleton—Do you believe that marriage is a failure?  
 Weddery—No; merely an assignment in which the wife is a preferred creditor.—Chicago Journal.

**A** POOR little flabby two-foot shark that I saw cast up on one of the Jersey beaches the other day brought a lot of shark memories back to me. I said a youngish middle-aged man who has put in a number of cruises, boy and man, in the navy. "I had quite a few shark experiences when I was on the old line of Government packets, and I found them out. I'm just as much afraid of a sea tiger now as you'd be of a ship's kitten lapping condensed milk out of a wardrobe's saucer on the galley deck, only, of course, I'd do a lot more moving when a shark was around and looking me over than I would in the presence of the kitten."

"The first time a shark ever got gay with me was when I was a tike of a 'prentice on the old Svatara, down in the harbor of Mazatlan, Mexico. I was a starboard side cleaner, and one afternoon was cocked in a swing, swabbing paint, and with my bare feet hanging not above a twelfth of a fathom from the water."

"All of a sudden I noticed a little glittering, goggle-eyed and snout-nosed fish a-rubbing around a lot in the little space of water directly below where my feet were swinging. He looked so perky and impudent that I was for throwing a cake of salt-water soap at him, but then I got to figuring that the cat could look at the kind and that it wasn't doing me any harm to have this little fish watch me polish off my cleaning station, and so I let him look, and presently I became so busy in trying to light a furtive cigarette without the officer of the deck spotting me that I forgot about the little snout-nosed fish."

"Presently an old bo'sun's mate walked over to the starboard rail and looked down at me."

"Hey, you cub," he called down to me a minute after he had taken his position at the starboard rail, 'you'd better be gittin' them totiesies o' yours some few away from t'is water's edge if you don't want to go shy a pair o' feet for the balance o' the cruise. See that pilot fish a lookin' at you an' beckonin' his big shark mate down below?"

"This old bo'sun's mate was a great stringer to the 'prentices, and I was so sure that he was stringing me then that I barely looked up at him. It was a good thing that I didn't look up just then—'d probably be in the Saug Harbor, with two wooden legs now, if I had looked up at him just at that instant."

"For, continuing to look down as I worked, I saw something white-gray swishing to the surface of the blue water—something about twenty foot long, and the forward ten foot of it, as it seemed to me, all teeth, rows and rows of them—and then I got busy."

"Shin up, you whelp!" the old bo'sun's mate bawled at me through the funnel that he made of his hands, and just as I grabbed the port rope swinging the bo'sun's chair and started to go hand over hand up to the rail, there was a shower of salt water that sounded like the breaking of a water spout just below me—and I had my first close view of a belly-up man-eater. "He shot up above half a fathom above the water for me, but I already had a hold on the rail; and he missed me by quite a stretch. But as long as I was a side cleaner I never swabbed paint from a bo'sun's chair after that with bare feet. My bare feet had been the bait for that big shark, guided by his little pal, the pilot fish."

"About three years after that I got some more shark education at Papete, Tahiti. A gang of seamen gunners—I was just out of my apprenticeship then—one day got permission of the officer of the deck to take a beach swim. So we lowered away the long boat, sped her to the coral beach, stripped and went in in the buff, about eighteen of us.

"It was very hot and gummy weather, and so we were not thinking about sharks, although a thousand of them assembled about the ship every time the cook dumped a bucket of galley refuse through the swill tube. Anyhow, we were all pretty young. In addition to being young I was chesier than I've ever been since, particularly because there wasn't a man or boy on board the old hooker that could teach me anything about swimming. That's how it came that, as soon as we jumped into the water on the Papete beach that day, I proceeded to out-swim all the rest, just to show 'em."

"I didn't turn to look back until I was about 300 yards from the beach. The only reason why I turned around then was because I heard a lot of noise from the beach."

"When I turned, I saw about a hundred naked natives and all of the young fellows from our ship lined up on the beach at the edge of the water, jumping up and down and waving their arms at me and yelling with all their might. But something else that I saw was a lot more important to me, about a million huge, wet and shifty shark fins between me and the beach. Some of them weren't more than ten yards from me. The fins were moving slowly on the surface of the water."

"I could see my pipe out in plain view then. I stopped and tread water and nervously slapped the surface of the water with my hands. I noticed that when I slapped the water particularly hard the sharks that were nearest to me sort of edged back and circled at a greater distance from me. So I kept on slapping the water."

"The sharks were waiting for me to get tired, that's all. They knew that I wouldn't start back right through them, and they knew, too, that I couldn't swim right ahead a few thousand knots to the Carolines or the Marquesas or the Fiji, and so they were content to take it easy, each figuring out getting what was coming to him when the moment arrived."

"Forty halves put out after me in one of those sixty-foot-long and two-foot wide canoes with the outrigger arrangement familiar in the South Seas, and in the bow of the canoe and directing them was an old lime-juicer of a quartermaster from a British trading schooner in the harbor."

"Splash, han' keep a-splashing, blast y'r blazin' heels! You Yankee pup-heel!" bawled the old lime-juicer at me as the canoe approached where I was in the middle of the semicircle of waiting sharks, and with that I began to slap and kick the water like a sea skate foiled in the mudhook chains."

"I was a lot rattled, but as the canoe approached I noticed that all of the natives that weren't helping to pull the canoe were leaning over the side and slapping and churning the water with all their might and main and making all of the noise out of their countenances that they knew how to. That settled it. The sharks dispersed like a bunch of stampeeded mountain goats and I was habbled into the canoe and bawled at by the old lime-juicer for my bloomink Yankee heelery until we pulled up on the beach."

"That was when I first found out by actual experience, what every deep-going sailor in the South Seas knows, that the shark is the worst coward that swims and that he is twenty times more afraid of a splashing human being in the water than a water moccasin is of a howling small boy in an inland creek."—Washington Star.

Mechanical Refrigeration.

The scientific engineer has achieved one more victory over natural ice, and now has constructed a refrigerating machine for freight cars which forms an integral part of the car and does away entirely with the necessity of constantly refilling the refrigerating chamber with ice during its journey. This new device, which has recently undergone successful tests, consists of a small refrigerating machine for each car, located in an enclosed casing beneath the car, and deriving power by gearing connected with the axle of one of the trucks. The machine includes a compressor for condensing the gas, usually carbon dioxide, circulating pipes which cool the air, and a condenser for abstracting the heat from the condensed gas.

The underlying principle is that common to most systems of mechanical refrigeration, and is based on the fact that a gas expanding extracts heat from the vicinity, while a gas becoming compressed absorbs heat. The function of the condenser is to withdraw the heat from the gas that has been compressed, and for this purpose water is employed, which in case of need can be supplied from engine hydrants, while rain-water from the roof of the car is also employed.—Harper's Weekly.

The Placard Nuisance.

Speaking of the placard nuisance in New York, which is daily growing more and more obnoxious, the Herald in a recent editorial says:

"We need a crusader against the placard nuisance in Manhattan. Signs are in evidence everywhere recommending soups and soaps, teas and tobaccos. Particularly offensive are the huge advertisements painted along the fence surrounding the new library site at Bryant Park—disfiguring our finest thoughtfare."

"Some one recommends that the public shall refuse to buy wares that are thrust upon their gaze in an offensive manner. If this were done it would vastly improve the city's appearance."

Surely it is high time that some united action be taken to put an end to this abuse. The metropolitan newspapers could speedily bring about a reform, and by doing so they would gain the lasting gratitude of a long-suffering community.

The Blood of Men and Apes.

An interesting departure from the usual methods of studying the similarity between man and the other primates has been made by Professor Uehlenmuth, a noted German anthropologist, who has recently carried on a series of interesting observations on the blood of men, apes and monkeys. Between the blood of the first two there are many points of similarity and evidences of a distinct relationship, but the blood of monkeys can readily be distinguished from that of men. The difference is more or less marked, according to the species, the greatest resemblance being seen in the case of the gorilla and the least with the lemur, a small species about the size of a cat and having a face somewhat like a fox. A singular fact is that, judged by the blood, there is less evidence of relationship found in the American families of apes than in those of the Old World.—Harper's Weekly.

An Ocean Newspaper.

The Allan Steamship Company has made arrangements for an ocean newspaper on its ships. The news is to be telegraphed from Pale Island off the Newfoundland coast.

**A SERMON FOR SUNDAY**

**A STRONG DISCOURSE ENTITLED, "MAN'S CONDITION: GOD'S REMEDY."**

**An Address Delivered at the Midway Conference by Sir Robert Anderson, K. C. B., LL. D.—The Spiritual Helplessness and Hopelessness of Man.**

**LONDON, ENGLAND.**—The following address, entitled, "Man's Condition: God's Remedy," was delivered at the Midway Conference by Sir Robert Anderson, K. C. B., LL. D.

The special subject assigned to me is "The Spiritual Helplessness of Man by Nature, and the New Birth from Above." I am not here to defend the dogmas that theology has based upon this truth. What concerns us is the truth itself. I say this with emphasis, because of what is passing around us.

And this should be our position in regard to all the great doctrines of faith. The age of creeds is passed. In days of chivalry, when men had respect for truth and honor, creeds shut out those who could not honestly accept them. But now they avail nothing to protect the gold against "thieves and robbers." Men will publicly, and in the most solemn way, pledge their belief in every Christian truth, and yet at the same time in their churches and at home as they are in the presence and pay which office affords, they use the pulpits to attack the very truths they are pledged and subscribed to defend. This being so, let us abandon the outworks of our creeds, and falling back upon the Bible, stand foursquare in its defense.

In this spirit I approach my subject. I am not ignorant of what theology teaches about human depravity, nor of the controversies respecting it which preceded the settlement of our creeds. But on this platform I will recognize no authority save an open Bible. My reason for saying this is because here, as on many other questions, the opponents of the truth are their own worst enemies.

A natural man, i. e., a man who has not experienced the new birth, and who has not the Spirit of God, may live a life of the highest morality and rectitude. Scripture testifies that in these qualities the Apostle Paul made no advance after his conversion. It is no answer to this to say that in his unconverted days he came under the external influences of divine truth. The fact remains that he was unconverted days, and that with such an environment he was able to maintain such a life of purity and piety and zeal, albeit he was spiritually dead in sin. He took to religion as another man might take to pleasure or to study, or to trade, or to drink. But in this as he himself declares, he was only following his natural bent—"the desires of the flesh and of the world."

Neither is it an objection that such a case is exceptional. What man has done men may do. If the Fall made it impossible for man to live pure and upright lives, it would be unjust in God to judge them for their vices.

There are two great standards or principles of divine judgment. With those who hear the Gospel, the consequences of accepting or rejecting Christ are final and irrevocable. As for the men who will be judged by the law of their being, whether as stamped on heart or conscience, or as formulated in express commands at Sinai.

**THE NATURAL MAN.**

The first three chapters of Romans claim notice here. The first chapter describes the condition in which the mass of the heathen world was sunk even in days when the tide of human progress and culture was at the flood, and when, moreover, the great religious cults of classic Paganism held up a standard of life as high as any that apostate Christendom presents—cults of which one at least had distinguished himself. Three centuries afterwards it bid fair to supplant Christianity as the religion (I am not speaking of the true Christianity of the true Church of God) maintained its ascendancy, it was first by penal laws of extreme severity, and second by adopting the chief characteristic rites and errors of the Paganism which it thus persecuted.

These things need stating if we are to understand aright the closing words of the last chapter of Romans. The vile practices of the heathen world were due to ignorance. They knew that their deeds were evil. They knew the judgment of God, that they who practiced such things were worthy of death, and yet they practiced them.

But the case of Saul of Tarsus was wholly different. If what men call conscience were the arbiter of human conduct, it were right, which a man honestly believed, to be right, to be a perfect life. As judged by any and every human standard, Saul of Tarsus was a pattern saint; but as judged by God he was a pattern sinner. And if you read the middle verses of Romans 3 intelligently, this is the lesson you will learn from them: It is God's estimate of the life of the natural man at his best—the life of the upright, pious, zealous Jew under law.

For that which is highly esteemed among men is abominable in the sight of God. The story is told of the first Duke of Cambridge, that when, in the reading of the Decalogue, the Seventh Commandment was reached, instead of the orthodox response, he answered, in an aside, that was plainly audible, "I never did that." But here was a man who could make a like response to every commandment in the Decalogue. As touching the righteousness that is in the law, blameless. "Such was his singular beauty."

You will say, perhaps, that this only proves that he was utterly blind and deaf. But that is precisely what I am insisting on—that so far as from the truth that human nature is hopelessly corrupt and depraved, as men judge of corruption and depravity, that a natural man may have a life that would put to shame half the saints in the calendar. By a course of un-Christian asceticism and severe penance for "punishing the body" these calendar saints attained to what men dream of as holiness. But to this man sanctity was as natural as sin was to many of the saints of the calendar.

One of the tests which people hold to be final is that man shall "do his best." What more can possibly be expected of him? This man "did his best," and his best was a "record" that has never been beaten. What parity of life was his? What that piety? What bearing soul? What self-sacrificing devotion to what he believed to be the cause of God? But looking back upon it all, he writes, "Who was before a blasphemer." And what a blasphemer!

And so, when he comes under the Divine searchlight, he declares himself the chief of sinners. Scanning the long line of all the sinners of the race, he takes his place at their head, "of whom I am the first." If these were not the words of an inspired Apostle in an inspired epistle, we might suspect exaggeration. And yet he only expresses the well-recognized principle that pride increases responsibility and responsibility deepens guilt. Of course he knew no better. But that only made his case the worse, for if ever there was a man who ought to have known better it was he. And so he takes his place as "chief of sinners." And he humbly adds, "I obtained mercy."

And he repeats this. For he was twice mercied. It is not God's way to put blasphemers into the ministry. And so, as he thinks of the Lord's "exceeding abundant grace" in calling him to the apostleship, he says, "I obtained mercy, because I obtained mercy."

I did it ignorantly in belief." But for a post, dead sinner a plea like this avails absolutely nothing. For, such, the one and only plea is that Christ Jesus came into the world to save sinners.

**THE WORK OF REDEMPTION.**

The Epistle to the Romans goes on to unfold the doctrine of salvation. Sin arraigns the sinner before the Divine judgment seat, and he stands there as guilty and doomed. Salvation therefore can only be through redemption, and redemption must be by blood. But as we have seen, sin has another aspect; it corrupts and depraves the whole spiritual being. The sinner therefore needs a new nature. He must be born again from above.

But these truths must never be separated. The Spirit's work depends upon the work of Christ. Hence the emphasis with which we are told that Christ came by water and blood; not by water alone, but by water and blood—as the R. V. renders it, "by the water and the blood." We all know what the blood means. We are referred by the precious blood of Christ as of a lamb without blemish and without spot. But some of us are much at sea about the water. The water and the blood are figurative expressions. But the figures are typical. And if we understand the types, both will burn our thoughts to the furnace of Calvary. The water was "the water of purification" of Numbers 10. Water that owed its ceremonial efficacy to the sin offering. But the sin offering was only for a redeemed people, a people already redeemed by the blood of the Paschal Lamb. When the Lord returns in blessing to Israel, then, as Ezekiel 36 teaches us, He will come "by the water." But this is because His first coming was not by the water only, but by the water and the blood. The blood has already been shed, redemption is accomplished.

The two, I repeat, must never be separated. And as redemption is altogether God's work, so also is the new birth. Like the Apostle's ministry (Gal. 3, R. V.), it is "not from men, neither through man." No ordinance or "sacrament" has anything to do with it. Men can fix time and place for ordinances, but ordinances relate to earth; but the new birth is from above. The Spirit breathes where He will.

It is to this thirty-sixth chapter of Ezekiel that these words of Christ refer. Three elements in the new birth are specified in the prophecy:

- (1) "I will sprinkle clean water upon you, and you shall be clean." (v. 25.)
- (2) "I will give you a new heart." (v. 26.)
- (3) "And I will put My Spirit within you." (v. 27.)

**"THE WATER OF REGENERATION."**

In Matt. 19:28, the time of its fulfillment for the man is designated by the Lord as "The Regeneration." And in the only other passage in the New Testament where that word occurs, it is used in connection with "the water of purification" and the Ezekiel prophecy. "An allude of course to Titus 3:5: 'He saved us by the washing of regeneration and renewing of the Holy Ghost.' The word here used is *loutroon*. It is mis-rendered "washing," for it is a noun substantive and not a verb; and the R. V. gloss (margin) is misleading, for *loutroon* is never used in the Greek Bible for "the laver." But in the Greek version of Eccles. 34:25 it is used for the vessel which held "the water of purification."

But to return to the Divinely appointed rite of the Jewish religion. What was the symbol of the water? Scripture itself supplies the answer. The word *loutroon*, like the word "regeneration," occurs only twice in the New Testament. I have already spoken of Titus 3:5; the other passage is Eph. 5:26. Christ gave Himself for the Church, "that He might sanctify and cleanse it with the *loutroon* of water by the Word." In the type the Jewsite reached the sacrifice by means of the water; in the antitype the believer reaches the sacrifice by means of the Word. Hence the language of Scripture, "the *loutroon* of water in the Word." The water of purification was, as we have seen, the water of regeneration; and it is by the Word that the sinner is born again to God. It has nothing to do with mystic arts or shibboleths after the pattern of ancient Paganism. "We are born again," as the inspired Apostle teaches, "by the Word of God"—the living and eternally abiding Word of God.

And to guard against all possibility of error or misapprehension, it is added, "And this is the Word which by the Gospel is preached unto you"—preached, as he had already declared, "with the Holy Ghost sent down from Heaven." Not the Spirit without the Word, nor the Word without the Spirit; but the Word preached in the power of the Spirit.

In all this the truth of Christianity is the counterpart and complement of the teaching of the Old Testament. How can sinners, helpless, hopeless, dead—as dead as dry bones scattered on the earth—be born again to God? "Can these bones live?" was the question which led the prophet to cast himself on God. And the 37th chapter of Ezekiel gives the answer: Preach to them. Call upon them to hear the Word of the Lord. (v. 4). "This is man's part; or if anything more remains it is 'Prophecy unto the breath'—pray that the Spirit may breathe upon these dead. The rest is God's work altogether. For 'the Spirit breathes when He will.'—Men preach; the Spirit breathes; and the dry bones live. Thus it is that sinners are born again.—London Christian.

**Look Ahead.**

There is glory for the time to come. A great many people seem to forget that the best is before us. Dr. Bonar once said that everything before the true believer is "glorious." This thought took hold of me, and I began to look the matter up and see what I could find in Scripture that was glorious hereafter.

I found that the kingdom we are going to inherit is glorious; our crown is to be a crown of glory; the city we are going to inhabit is the city of the glorified; the songs we are going to sing are the songs of the glorified; we are to wear garments of glory and beauty; our society will be the society of the glorified; our work is to be glorious; the country to which we are going is to be full of the glory of God and of the Lamb.

There are many who are always looking on the backward path and mourning over the troubles through which they have passed; they keep lugging the cares and anxieties they have been called on to bear and are forever looking at them. Why should we go resting and snoring under the burden and care of life when we have such glorious prospects before us.—D. L. Moody.

**The Opposer of Christ.**

An unloving spirit is the worst treachery to Christ that we can offer. How often do those who are full of good words for the Lord stoop to think of this? The harsh word spoken by the busy teacher or superintendant or pastor is a travesty on the profession such a one makes. For Christ is one with God, and God is love. Unlove is anti-Christ. We cannot serve Christ while unloving; for a child of His is in our hearts, and we will be filled with the gift of prophecy, and know all mysteries and all knowledge; and if I have all faith, so as to remove mountains, but have not love, I am nothing. And if I bestow all my goods to feed the poor, and if I give my body to be burned, but have not love, it profiteth me nothing. "This is My commandment, that ye love one another."

**Pray For Holiness.**

Let our prayer be ever for more holiness and more fitness for the kingdom. "Thou shalt the tabernacle of God be with me, and we shall be His people, and God Himself shall be with us."

**PLACES TO AVOID.**

**Here Are a Few Regions in Which Life Is Not a Joy.**

As places of residence neither the Bahrian Islands, in the Persian Gulf, nor the City of Yaktusk, Siberia, have much to offer in the way of climate, says the Washington Post.

In Bahria you cook and in Yaktusk you freeze. Bahria is said to be the hottest place in the world. The thermometer often registers between 110 and 120 degrees, night and day, for months at a time. This rather beats Fort Yuma, Ariz., which is considered the hottest place in the United States.

Yaktusk is called the coldest city in the world, Velichoyansk, in north-eastern Siberia, claims to be the coldest inhabited place on the globe, the thermometer registering 90 degrees below zero in January.

It also claims to be the place possessing the most variable climate, for while it is 90 degrees below in January, it is 86 above in the shade in August, during the day, with a drop down to freezing every midsummer night.

The wettest place in the world is Greytown, Nicaragua, where the annual rainfall is 260 inches.

The driest place in the world is probably the rainless coast of northern Chile. They have a shower there about once in every ten years. Nothing grows on this desolate strip of barren coast, and the dreary towns from which the nitrates and the minerals mined in that region are shipped depend for their subsistence upon food brought to them in the ships from the fertile strips to the north and south of the desert.

Northern Russia and the shores of the French Congo are said to be the cloudiest places in the world, and for fog there is no region like the Grand Banks, the southern coast of Newfoundland, and the waters of Nova Scotia.

This region is one of fog for a large part of the year, and the very home of the fog is the island of Grand Manan, at the entrance of the Bay of Fundy, where, the sailors declare, the natives manufacture fog. When a bank of specially thick fog is seen approaching over the waters, the mariners turn to each other and say "The Grand Manners are at work."

**FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, Strykin and Strother's Dr. R. H. Kline, Ltd., 934 Arch St., Phila., Pa.**

There is \$300,000,000 worth of English money invested in submarine cables.

**Kline's Cure** is the best medicine ever used for all diseases of throat and lungs.—Wm. O. EXAMLET, Vanburn, Ind., Feb. 10, 1903.

Texas has 332,190 separate farms, more than any other State.

**A Thousand Ways of Lying.**

There are a thousand ways of lying, but all lead to the same end. It does not matter whether you wear lies, tell lies, act lies, or live lies, your character is ruined all the same.

There is no more demoralizing influence in modern life than the unnatural straining to swim other than we are. Nothing else so quickly lowers self-respect, takes the fine edge off honor and blunts the conscience as the sense of being a sham, a gilded fraud, or an unreality. It cheapens standards, lowers ideals, saps ambition and takes the spring and joy out of living. No man can make the most and the best of himself until he is absolutely honest with his own soul, and unflinchingly true to his highest ideals, and this is impossible while he is living a lie.—Success.

**THEY PROFITED.**

"I remember Scherer was a great chap for thinking out plans for getting rich; I suppose now he's wealthier than any of his friends."

"O, no; his friends used the plans while he was dreaming over them."—Detroit Free Press.

**Our Social Distinctions.**

"But," said the foreiquer, "you have nothing here to exhibit your social distinctions. You all herd together everywhere. Your upper and lower classes are on the same footing."

"You're mistaken. We have sanitariums and lunatic asylums."—Chicago Record-Herald.

**How's This?**

We offer One Hundred Dollars Reward for any case of Catarrh that cannot be cured by Hall's Catarrh Cure.

F. J. CHENEY & Co., Toledo, O.

We, the undersigned, have known F. J. Cheney for the last 15 years, and believe him perfectly honorable in all business transactions and financially able to carry out any obligations made by him.

WEST & TADAY, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

WALDING, REISNER & MARTIN, Wholesale Druggists, Toledo, O.

Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally, acting directly upon the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. Testimonials sent free. Price, 75c. per bottle. Sold by all Druggists. Take Hall's Family Pills for constipation.

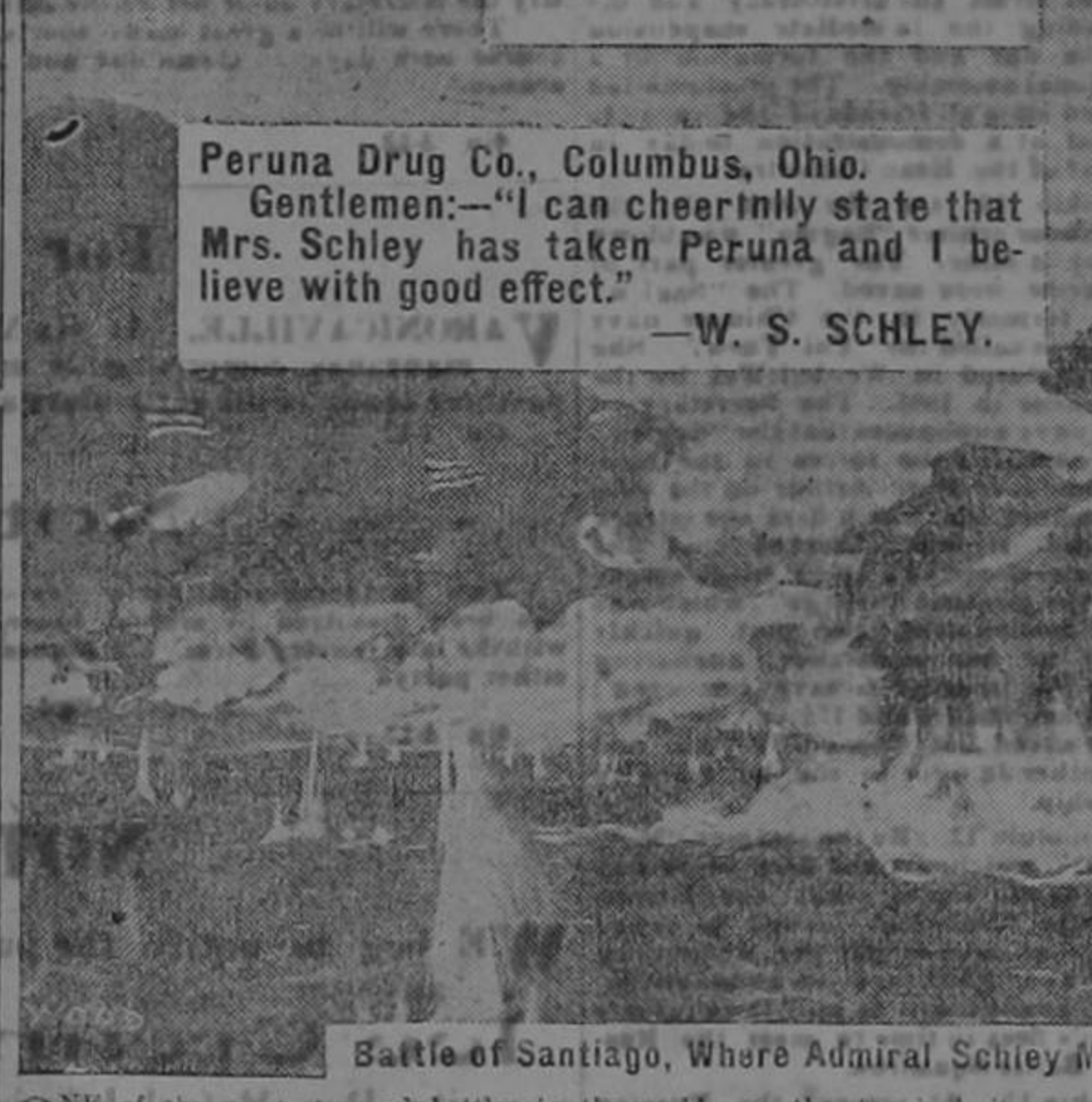
**Her Opinion.**

"I have been very much interested in these experiments with tetrahedral kites," said the man with the gold glasses.

"Yes," answered Mrs. Cumrox, complacently, "but I have about concluded that the surest way to get rid of all such things is to boil the drinking water."—Washington Star.

(AM'S '04)

**Admiral Schley Uses Pe-ru-na**



**Peruna Drug Co., Columbus, Ohio.**  
Gentlemen:—"I can cheerfully state that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."  
—W. S. SCHLEY.

**ONE of the greatest naval battles in the world was the Fight of Santiago. Never since the dispersion of the Spanish Armada has there been a more epoch-making victory in the onward march of civilization than in the notable event of July 23, 1898, in which the great hero, Admiral Schley, took a leading part.**

It was a great naval battle. Without a moment's warning it began. Quick decision, undaunted courage, excellent discipline, resolute self-confidence—these combined in Admiral Schley to produce that dash and daring so characteristic of the American soldier.

A man must think quickly in these days. There is no time for slow action. New enterprises arise in an hour. Old ones pass away in a moment.

A multitude of great themes clamor for notice. A man must take sides for or against by intuition, rather than logical deduction.

One day this fighting admiral, Schley, happened to be in company with others who were talking on various topics of popular interest. The subject of Peruna was

**A GREAT NAVAL BATTLE.**

**ADMIRAL'S OPINION OF PE-RU-NA.**

**IT WASN'T THE BREAD.**

"Sick at your stomach, eh?" said the boy's mother. "What made you that way?"

"I guess," said the boy, reproachfully, "it was that bread you made me eat at lunch time."

"Indeed? Where have you been all afternoon?"

"Over in Old Man Peters' apple orchard!"—Philadelphia Press.

**HER IDEA.**

Mother—"You say you didn't let him hug you? Why, Ethel, I was sure I saw you hugging him."

Ethel—"Well—er—I thought if I only squeezed him real hard I might make him let go."—Philadelphia Press.

**ORIENTON'S Business College.**  
LES. ASHURMAN & CO. LTD.  
Shortland Dept., E. O. Crichlow, Bookkeeping Dept., D. E. Shumaker, Catalogue free. E. O. Orienton, Prop., Kaiser Bldg., Atlanta, Ga.

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Business, Shortland and type-writing College, Louisville, Ky. open the whole year. Students can enter any time. Catalogue free. If suffered with Thompson's Eye Water. Weak eyes, use Thompson's Eye Water.

**FARMERS! ATTENTION!**  
NO LINIMENT WAS EVER MADE THAT EQUALS SLOAN'S LINIMENT FOR HORSES AND OTHER STOCK AND ALL FAMILY USES. It Kills Pain and Kills Germs.  
DR. EARL S. SLOAN, 615 ALBANY ST., BOSTON, MASS.

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**A New Revelation for Men.**

We offer something different, better than any other specialist or medical institution in this city.

There is no patchwork about our treatment. The cure is perfect and permanent. We do not treat all diseases, but we cure those we treat. A prompt, permanent and sure cure in all cases accepted for treatment. Nothing but curable cases accepted.

Write if you cannot call and describe your troubles and receive by return mail, free of charge, our diagnosis blank. Consultation free.

**Doctors Leatherman & Bentley,**  
Hours 9 a. m. to 8 p. m. Sundays 10 a. m. to 1 p. m. Cor. Marietta and Forsyth Sts., ATLANTA, GA.

**In His Home.**



raised—its popularity as a catarrh remedy, its national importance, its extensive use.

One asked his opinion. Without a moment's hesitation he said: "I can cheerfully state that Mrs. Schley has taken Peruna and I believe with good effect."

Like the battle of Santiago, the thought was sprung upon him without any warning, and he disposed of it with the same vim and decision as he did with the Spanish fleet led by the ill-fated Almirante.

His words concerning Peruna have gone out into the world to be repeated by a thousand tongues, because he has said them.

Like the news of his victory over Cervera, his words concerning Peruna have gone out into the world to be repeated by a thousand tongues, because he has said them.

Except for an inborn manly independence, in a country of free speech, these words never would have been uttered by an officer in such a notable position as that of Admiral Schley.

Except for a world-wide notoriety and popularity, such as Peruna enjoys, no remedy could ever have received such outspoken public endorsement by such a man.

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Color more goods brighter and faster colors than any other dye. One lb. package colors silk, wool and cotton equally well and is guaranteed to give perfect results. Ask dealer or we will send post paid at 10c package. Write for free booklet—How to Dye, Bleach and Mix Colors. MONROE DRUG CO., Unionville, Mo.

**TOWERS' PISH BRAND WATERPROOF OILED CLOTHING**

THE MOST STURDIOUS OF QUALITY FOR MORE THAN HALF A CENTURY.

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Portable and Stationary Engines, Boilers, Saw Mills AND ALL KINDS OF MACHINERY. Complete line carried in stock for IMMEDIATE shipment. Best Machinery, Lowest Prices and Best Terms. Write us for catalogue, prices, etc., before buying.

**WORMS**

"I write to let you know how I appreciate your Cascarets. I commenced taking them last November and took two ten-cent boxes and passed a tapeworm 10 ft. long. Then I commenced taking them again and Wednesday, April 10th, I passed another large worm 2 ft. long and over a thousand small worms. Previous to my taking Cascarets I didn't know I had a tapeworm. I always had a small appetite."

Wm. F. Brown, 128 Franklin St., Brooklyn, N. Y.

**Cascarets**  
Best for The Bowels. CANDY CATHARTIC. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP.

Pleasant, Painless, Potent, Tastes Good, Do Good, Never Sickens, Weakens or Irrites. No. 25, No. 100. Guaranteed to cure or your money back.

Sterling Remedy Co., Chicago or N.Y. 50¢ ANNUAL SALE, TEN MILLION BOXES

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**DR. PISO'S CURE FOR DROPSY**

**CURED GIVES QUICK RELIEF**

Removes all swelling in 3 to 30 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. First treatment given free. Nothing can be felt. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Sweetitz, Get 2 Atlanta, Ga.

**Plantation Chil-Cure is Guaranteed**

To cure, or money refunded by your merchant, so why not try it? Price 50c.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN.

LATEST CABLES.

Mukden, 8.—With reference to the repulse of the Japanese who attempted to outflank the forces under Rennick...

Tokio, 9.—Every day the Russians attack on Hill 203 Meters, but the Japanese forces which have up to now repulsed every attack...

St. Petersburg 10.—The most profound sadness is expressed here by the news that the Japanese have succeeded in placing guns of heavy calibre on the "Hill 203 Meters"...

Tokio 10.—The Commander of the naval battery at "Hill 203 Meters" sends the following: From observations taken yesterday from the summit of "Hill 203 Meters" the battleship "Poltava" is half submerged...

London 10.—The "Daily Telegraph" correspondent who is with the besiegers at Port Arthur, sends the following: "The battleships, cruisers, and gunboats at anchor in Port Arthur harbour are all sunk or destroyed..."

Washington 10.—The Japanese Legation has news from Tokio of the destruction of the Russian fleet at Port Arthur.

St. Petersburg 10.—The associated press is authorized to announce that the Government has no intention of sending the Black Sea fleet to reinforce the squadron under Rojestvensky.

London 10.—A St. Petersburg despatch says that the Czar has decided to send to the Far East a third squadron. Included in these are the battleships "Paula", "Slava" and "Queperan"...

Japanese headquarters of the 3rd division, 10.—On the night of the 20th Nov. the Japanese established infantry trenches on the inner side of the parapets, but were obliged to evacuate them next day...

St. Petersburg 10.—It is reported among the highest officials that Russia's efforts to purchase the Chilean and Argentine warships has taken a strange turn. Neither of these South American powers will consent to sell direct to Russia...

London 12.—According to advices from Shanghai for the "Morning Post," the Port Arthur forces with the exception of those in the fortresses have retired to Liaote Hill.

St. Petersburg 12.—If the news from Berlin, relative to the destruction of the Russian navy in Port Arthur is true, the papers are not permitted to publish it. The whole world is in a terrible state of anxiety.

but does not wish the public to hear the Japanese version.

St. Petersburg 12.—The working Democratic party yesterday issued a violent proclamation, denouncing in bitter terms the aristocracy and demanding the immediate suspension of the war and the formation of a national assembly...

Tokio 12.—On the 20th ult. the Japanese cruiser "Sagien" was blown up by a mine. The greater part of her crew were saved. The "Sagien" was formerly in the Chinese navy and was called the "Tui Yuen"...

Honolulu 12.—By the steamer "Mouyolla," which arrived here yesterday the news comes that the British steamer "Dulwich" landed in Japan 400 naval cannon of the Armstrong type and 3,500 tons of ammunition...

Tokio 12.—At present the Russian fleet at Port Arthur is being destroyed in order to prevent the possibility of its assisting the Baltic fleet, the Japanese have accomplished their principal object by the desperate assault of the past three months, against the plaza. From now, however, their operations will be carried on without the sacrifice of life which marked their previous operations...

London 12.—It is said that the Japanese have commenced the bombardment from "Hill 203 Meters." The torpedo fleet has not been seen for three days. It is supposed they have taken refuge behind Liote Hill. The entrance to the port is guarded by a portion of Togo's fleet...

London 12.—The taking of this Hill was a magnificent sight, on the night of the 5th. This capture with the adjacent positions by the Japanese compelled the Russians to evacuate without resistance all their parallel lines of permanent defence extending towards the East in an irregular line over the hills one mile distant from "East Hill" in a northerly direction...

Tokio 14.—Despatches received from the Japanese headquarters besieging Port Arthur, and dated yesterday, report the bombardment of the inner fortifications and the terrible danger done to the battleship "Poltava" and transport "Amur"...

Japanese headquarters of the 3rd division, 10.—On the night of the 20th Nov. the Japanese established infantry trenches on the inner side of the parapets, but were obliged to evacuate them next day. In the battle which took place next day the second son of General Nogi was killed in the attack on "Hill 203 Meters"...

St. Petersburg 14.—It is reported here that after the Japanese have solved the Port Arthur problem and destroyed the fleet they will turn their attention to Manchuria and march immediately against Kuropatkin. There exists here much difference of opinion relative to the convenience of Rojestvensky's squadron continuing their journey to the Far East...

London 11.—A St. Petersburg despatch says news from Batoum reports disturbances in consequence of the refusal of the soldiers to go to the war. Several have been killed and wounded.

RACES! RACES!! RACES!!!

WE shall be having a grand Race at Zent Island on the 26th and 27th December next. All who desire of taking part in the races must notify the Secretary on or before the 20th December.

There will be a great many sports, including cricketing &c., on the race course both days. Come one and all and enjoy yourselves in the Xmas season.

I. L. P. WILSON, Secretary.

4th-3-12

For Sale.

VARONICAVILLE. At Six Miles, Farm containing about 100 manzanas, comprising 24 manzanas in bananas, cocoanut and pasture land. Full particulars at this office

4th-3-12

Notice.

The partnership hitherto existing between Williamson and Sinclair has been dissolved by mutual consent. All persons having any accounts with the late jewelry firm, are requested to make immediate settlement to either party.

4th-3-12

Sgd. WILLIAMSON & SINCLAIR.

NOTICE.

WE beg to notify the public that we have opened up an Ice Cream Palace,

opposite Don Rafael Iglesias, in the front Street of Limon. Customers strictly attended to with all politeness. We beg to solicit the patronage of all the friends of the town and country.

C. P. PRINCE, Manager.

H. WIMMER,

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High class Photos from C3.50 a dozen upwards, Photo Eutons, Views of Costa Rica, Enlargements & Crayons on the instalment plan. Amateur Work finished.

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DRAFTS ON LONDON, NEW YORK, NEW ORLEANS AND KINGSTON. LOANS GRANTED ON APPROVED SECURITIES. MONEY RECEIVED ON DEPOSIT AT INTEREST. ACCOUNTS CURRENT OPENED ON FAVORABLE TERMS, SUBJECT TO CHECK. ENGLISH AND AMERICAN GOLD BOUGHT AND SOLD. APTS ON PARIS, HAMBURG AND GENOVA. San Jose, 31st August, 1901.

PENA, CLARE & CO.,

PURCHASERS in Pacuarito, Rio Hondo and Limon of Rubber, Coffee, Cacao, Hides dried and raw, Skins and all articles for exportation.

13th-26-11-04.

CELLULAR CLOTHING.

NOTICE

WOOD'S BOOK STORE has been appointed Sole Agent in Costa Rica for the "Aertex" Cellular Clothing, which is admirably adapted for tropical climates. An assorted stock has been received of

Shirts, Undershirts, Socks, Pants and an assortment of Ladies Underwear.

The material is not only very durable, but the prices will compare with those generally charged here for material less suitable for tropical climates.

J. KAEMPFFER,

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RUBBER BOUGHT AT HIGHEST PRICES.

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The best Five Dollar watch ever sold at the price in this or any other country. Just the thing for a working man. Seven jewels and genuine Elgin works. We offer this watch at this extraordinary low price in order that everybody may have an opportunity for making himself familiar with the superior quality of the Keystone Elgin watches, for which Wood's Book store has the sole agency for Costa Rica. You will make no mistake buying this watch

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ALL SIZES AND QUALITIES.

From C3 per Pair,

THE BEST STOCK IN LIMON.

High Top Boots, FOR USE ON BANANA FARMS.

Water tight, C8 per pair. Leggings, black or brown leather, C6 per pair.

All shoes are guaranteed to be made of Leather.

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OFFICE: INTERNACIONAL DRUG STORE.

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SOAP! SOAP! SOAP!

If cleanliness is next to Godliness, then soap is a means of grace. HENRY WARD BEECHER.

LIMON church goes and other people can be supplied with "The means of grace" by calling at

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where the following varieties of the article in question can be purchased

LIFE BUOY BRAND THE DUCHESS, an extra fine quality will make the darkest skin beautifully fair. SWAN a floating Soap no chance of losing sight of this during the bath. VALVET SKIN & PEARLS a perfect ladies soap. OBROSK in brilliant colors. BLUE BRILL in metal box with mirror. Eucalyptic shaving soap for gentlemen.

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Note.—No subscription at above prices will be accepted for less than six months. The above prices are strictly cash with order. When papers and magazines are ordered for regular delivery and not paid for in advance, staple copy prices will be charged in accordance with another list, copy of which will be furnished on application.

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Wanted,

TO Rent for a long term of years a Banana Farm of 100 manzanas or more, no matter in what condition but must be on the Costa Rican Railroad, between Limon and the junction. Address:

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